

IS LIMIT TO SHAVING POWER

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION AS TO RESTRICTIONS IN CUTTING APPROPRIATIONS.

NO LESS THAN HALF

MEANS MAXIMUM, VETO OR ONE-HALF OF TOTAL.

WITNESS PAY STANDS SLICE

Few Items Cut Will Ever Come to Test—Governor's Ideas Are Not in Accord.

Austin, Aug. 21.—An opinion rendered and submitted to the governor this afternoon by the attorney general was to the effect that whenever items compose a section of an appropriation bill, that the items may be individually vetoed thereby vetoing the total of the section. Or furthermore, that the appropriation for either of the two years may be eliminated entirely, but that shaving the items for each year below or above an amount to make the total less or more than one-half of the total appropriation for the two years was not permissible. This is the reverse of the idea of the governor, on which he made recent cuts.

The effect of this ruling means either a maximum allowance, an absolute veto or one-half of the amount total of the appropriation for the two years. There is no chance for a cut of less than one-half of the appropriations.

On Tuesday night the governor submitted to the legislature under a ruling of the attorney general a veto amounting to \$90,000 of various sections of the judiciary appropriation bill. These cut reduced the appropriation for expenses of district judges and district attorneys and expenses of attached witnesses in felony cases residing outside of the county and for fees and costs of sheriffs.

The item for the reduction of the witness fees hardly would ever come to a test. Cutting the salary allowance of district judges and expenses of sheriffs might get into the courts should the governor allow the cuts to stand. No witness would institute mandamus proceedings and furthermore the amount as cut might be sufficient to cover this item.

On the contrary, the result might be disastrous to any one attempting proceedings to secure the mandamus and the full appropriation. Authorities have held two ways on the matter of reduction of items in appropriation bills. It has been held that the reduction of a single item nullifies the entire item and that might be the decision of the court. Other authorities have held the reverse. That is, that the failure to veto the entire item is approval of the entire item.

The effect of the governor's veto of sections of the judiciary appropriation bill is problematical. Proceedings will hardly be instituted on any of the items inasmuch as they are so general. The practice of shaving an item of a bill directly concerning a single institution might be instrumental in a test case.

A rumor is current today that despite the fact that the university appropriation had been lumped together, that a cut would be made of the entire amount for one year. Other appropriations were all itemized when they reached the governor, the university appropriation alone going in a lump sum.

FRANK CASE ABOUT CLOSED.

Two of Four Arguments Heard—Will Be Two More.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 21.—Two of the four arguments in the case of Leo M. Frank, on trial here for the murder of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, were completed today. Two more will be made tomorrow, at the close of which Judge Roan will deliver his charge and place the accused man's fate in the jury's hands.

WOMAN TELLS OF KILLING.

Accompanied by Five-year-old Son Before Grand Jury.

Dallas, Aug. 21.—Mrs. Nora Adams, who last week shot and killed her husband and Miss Bertha Neese at the Adams home east of Reinhardt, was before the grand jury this morning. She was accompanied by a five-year-old son and a number of other relatives.

Confirms Harrison's Appointment.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The senate late today confirmed the nomination of Francis Burton Harrison of New York as governor general of the Philippines. The Philippine committee earlier in the day reported the nomination favorably and it was confirmed without opposition.

The dynamite found today lay on a

Tammany Boss, Charles F. Murphy, Who Caused New York Legislature to Impeach Gov. Sulzer



This is one of the latest photographs of Charles F. Murphy, Tammany boss, who has such a grip on New York state that he could cause its legislature to impeach Governor William Sulzer. Ten months ago Murphy caused a Democratic state convention to nominate him for governor. There was never a better photograph of Murphy than this.

Murphy's enemies have described him as a low, corrupt and stupid boss. His friends don't deny that he is a contractor in politics for his own pocket. But they point out that Murphy is not stupid.

"How could a stupid boss maintain himself in control of Tammany Hall

for ten years?" they ask. "How could a stupid boss control four Democratic state conventions? Croker, who is sometimes held as a man of ability, managed to control one state convention and that only with the help of another boss, whom he permitted to name the candidate for governor."

Murphy has been the manager of a semi-professional baseball team, a street car conductor, a bartender, a saloon keeper, a ward politician, a contractor, a public official and is now boss without any ostensible business. District Attorney Jerome got him before the grand jury five years ago.

"What is your business?" asked the district attorney.

Speer Says Will Attend The Investigation of Alleged Misconduct

Washington, Aug. 21.—Federal Judge

Emery F. Speer of Georgia, charged

with official misconduct in papers filed

with the house committee on judiciary,

will attend any hearings that the

committee may have to take evidence in the case.

He telephoned today to Representative Hughes of Georgia, a lifelong friend and college classmate, asking that he arrange for his appearance at the proper time. Mr. Hughes immediately conferred with Chairman Clayton of the committee and later notified Judge Speer that he would be permitted to be present with counsel. A conference of the Georgia delegation in the house for consideration of the Speer case has been called for tomorrow.

The house of representatives is to consider what course the delegation should adopt in view of the charges made against a federal judge within their state. It is likely that a subcommittee of two or three will be appointed to review the charges before the committee, a right which Chairman Clayton will accord. The subcommittee will report to the delegation as to whether the charges are sufficiently serious to warrant action which probably would be in the form of a resolution offered in the house by one of their number, to impeach the judge. Such a resolution would be referred to the judiciary committee, which will resume consideration of the department of justice report next Monday.

EXPLOSIVES NEAR GAYNOR'S OFFICE

Enough Forty Per Cent Dynamite Discovered Under Mayor's Window to Blow Up New York City Hall—Fuse Burned.

New York, Aug. 21.—A deadly charge

of dynamite—three whole ten-inch sticks and two halves with a fuse and detonator—was discovered this afternoon near Mayor Gaynor's office windows in the city hall. The Bureau of Combustibles found that the explosive was 40 per cent dynamite, the regulating blasting proportion, and the amount of the fuses would, if it exploded, have wrecked the city hall.

The mayor was in his office when the dynamite was discovered by a citizen passing through City Hall park.

Mr. Gaynor evinced little interest and remained apparently undisturbed at his desk while police officers hurriedly drew a cordon about the dynamite to keep back an excited crowd.

Close to the explosive was a piece of Chinese punk and several partly burned matches. The dynamite and fuse were wrapped in a piece of heavy cambric, secured by red and blue twine. The cloth was blue, with red and white figures, and resembled the flags worn by Italian women of the working class.

Experts of the Bureau of Combustibles state that the only thing which prevented a disastrous explosion was the presence of a strip of cotton wool wound so tightly about the base of the fuse that a spark could not reach the detonator. An edge of one dynamite stick was slightly scorched.

The investigators do not attach much importance to the finding of half-burnt matches and a partly consumed cigar near the explosive. Hundreds of smokers pass the area way during the noon hour.

The police authorities say that laborers sometimes carelessly drop dynamite sticks near their blasting operations. There is an excavation shaft on the Broadway side of City Hall park leading to the new subway construction, but the contractors declare they don't use 40 per cent dynamite in their operations.

In return for Fox's influence in behalf of his son, charged with violation of the white slave laws, Caminetto's statement was made to the senate postoffice committee at a continuation of yesterday's hearing.

CREDIT FOR AGENTS.

Says Insurance Solicitors Rank With Missionaries.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—R. W. Stevens of Chicago in an address here today before the American Life convention, declared that life insurance agents were entitled to as much credit as missionaries, that when a policy is written the man insured and not the company is getting the biggest benefit.

The commissioner told the committee Fox had a reputation for sobriety, honesty and good citizenship and denied he ever heard Fox was a tool of the Southern Pacific railroad.

A positive denial was made today by Immigration Commissioner Caminetto that he had recommended Thomas Fox for postmaster at Sacramento.

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Local Temperatures.

Local temperatures, furnished by Dr. I. Block, voluntary weather observer, for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday at 7 p.m.: Maximum 97, minimum 76, barometer 30, humidity 58. No change for the next twenty-four hours.

Washington Forecast.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Forecast:

Waco and Vicinity—Fair Friday;

light to moderate northeast to south-

west winds on the coast.

West Texas—Fair Friday; cooler in north portion; Saturday, fair.

Dr. I. Block does not see any relief from the present heat wave within the next twenty-four hours.

Continued on Page 5

Rudolph Spreckels' had made a strenuous fight against Fox's confirmation, attacking him as a "boss" and tool of the Southern Pacific railroad. He will carry the fight to the floor of the senate.

The intimation that I endorsed Fox to secure his influence in my son's trial is evidence of a disastrous imagination," declared Mr. Caminetto.

The commissioner told the committee Fox had a reputation for sobriety, honesty and good citizenship and denied he ever heard Fox was a tool of the Southern Pacific or was supported in his fight by the "red light" district or the saloons.

Recommends Thomas Fox As Sacramento Postmaster

Washington, Aug. 21.—The senate postoffice committee late today recommended to the senate in executive session that the termination of Thomas Fox as postmaster at Sacramento, Calif., be confirmed.

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way will show its confidence in the president when he reads his message. The administration hopes that when the facts are known in Mexico the Huerta authorities may be more inclined to respect the Americans' suggestions.

The United States, in brief, has proposed that Huerta resign in favor of a provisional president acceptable to all sides; that a suspension of hostilities thereby be brought about and a constitutional election held, the resulting administration to receive the recognition of the American government.

Huerta Rejects Proposals.

Thus far Huerta has flatly rejected the American proposals and renewed his demand for recognition, declaring his financial troubles are due to the failure of the United States to recognize him. Official advice to the state department, however, describes the provisional president's plight financially as desperate, and officials here believe he has not sufficient money to pay his troops and cannot get money abroad.

These considerations and the incessant warfare of the constitutionalists likewise lead American officials to the conclusion that even though Huerta may continue to scorn the suggestions of the United States, the situation in Mexico soon will disentangle itself and that a policy of non-interference should be maintained for the present at least.

It is not known yet whether President Wilson will make any specific recommendation in his message, but it was learned from a high government official that his statement of the case will be the foundation for the next step on the part of the United States. The president has made it plain, however, that he has no thought of armed intervention and that he is as determined as ever to maintain an attitude of peace and friendliness toward Mexico.

Mr. Lind will probably remain in Mexico indefinitely and his reports indicate that he has not abandoned hope. President Wilson told callers during the day that the envoy was not in the least disturbed by the situation and that he had handled it with admirable tact and discretion.

The president is undecided yet whether he will make extended comment in his message or allow his recall of the facts as disclosed in the exchange of notes between Lind and Huerta to serve as a reiteration of his views.

He will work on the message all day tomorrow, denying himself to callers in order to complete the task as quickly as possible. It is possible that he will talk the communication over with members of the congressional foreign relations committee when it is finished.

Penrose's Resolution.

Senator Penrose introduced today a resolution requiring President Wilson to take the necessary steps to place United States troops in Mexico to protect American lives and property, such a step to be declared by the senate as in no way an unfriendly act toward Mexico.

Senator Penrose introduced also an amendment to the deficiency bill for an appropriation of \$25,000,000 to be expended as to the president might direct.

No Recognition.

The resolution declares "It is not the policy of the government of the United States to recognize or assist any faction or factions in the republic of Mexico, and proposes:

That the president of the United States be requested to take such steps as are necessary to place a sufficient number of United States troops as a constabulary in the republic of Mexico whenever and at such points as in his opinion they may be needed properly to police and protect citizens of the United States and their property, and it is hereby declared that such employment of United States troops for the protection of Americans and property is not necessary in that such policing and protection shall be construed as an act of hostility or unfriendliness toward the Mexican nation."

Senator Penrose said that in a day or two he would make a few remarks to the effect of the facts as disclosed in the exchange of notes between Lind and Huerta to serve as a reiteration of his views.

"Such agitation," said he, "is an embarrassment to the president, who is doing everything he can to bring about peace. This resolution should go to the committee on foreign relations and not be used here to exploit speeches of an embarrassing character to the administration. Let me cite a bit of history that a few of us will remember. We were very glad during the dark days of the civil war that no foreign government interfered in our trouble. We were threatened time and again with the Mexican nation."

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"I do not want to stir this matter up unduly," said Penrose. "There is hardly a day that I am not appealed to by people from my state urging action to furnish protection to Americans in Mexico. It is not a sentiment. It is a condition."

Senator Nelson said it seemed unusual at this juncture to agitate the question.

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"The idea of annexation of any territory is too absurd to be entertained by any man."

Senator Smoot declared that while 5000 citizens of Utah had been driven out of Mexico he would deplore American intervention.

Senator Bacon and others spoke in a similar vein.

Introduction of the resolution was followed by a general demand by republicans, seconded by Chairman Bacon of the foreign relations committee, for a cessation of all doubt and support of President Wilson.

Emphatic and concerted declarations from senators of both parties of their confidence in the wisdom and good faith of the president were plain; an answer to reports from Mexico that Huerta was contending that the president had a divided congress and a divided public opinion behind him.

Uphold President.

"It is our duty to uphold the hand of the president," said Senator Sutherland, republican. "It is the part of patriotism and good sense to withhold any criticism until the situation has clarified. Until then we should stand firmly behind the president, uphold him in his negotiations and not embarrass him."

Senators Lodge, Gallinger, Nelson, Smoot and other republicans joined in a definite expression of their belief that President Wilson did not have the conference and support of leaders of both parties.

"Nothing that could have occurred," said Senator Bacon, democrat, "would have given such emphatic denial to the construction some Mexican officials appear to have put upon conditions here, as the patriotic speeches that have been today on each side of this chamber. I am willing this debate should go to the world as the other suggestions."

Senator Penrose did not attempt to debate his resolution and consented to withdraw certain articles he had asked to have read. He said he had introduced the resolution in good faith, believing something must be done to stop "brutality, robbery and molestation" exhibited toward Americans.

The only exception to the republican attitude of suppressing the Mexican debate was Senator Fall, who said he believed the discussion should not be dropped.

Senator Kern, democrat, read a recent speech by Charles W. Fairbanks, former republican vice president, urg-

ing all to uphold the hands of President Wilson.

"I think the Mexican people should know," said Senator Kern, "that in a threatening situation like this the American people stand together like a stone wall."

Demand Safety for Americans.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Senator Penrose tonight addressed a letter to Secretary Bryan, demanding that he immediately telegraph Provisional President Huerta and General Carranza, the constitutionalist leader, warning them that the American government will hold them personally responsible for any harm inflicted upon Americans at Chihuahua who have been threatened by revolutionists.

Sheriey T. Hulse, son-in-law of Lieutenant Governor Reynolds of Pennsylvania, and his family, are among the forty-six Americans in the threatened group at the plant of the Mexican Northern Power and Irrigation Company.

Earlier in the day Secretary Bryan had sent to Senator Penrose a consular report stating that revolutionists had announced their intention of executing the engineer of the plant without trial if he again impounded water in the power company's dam. Tonight the secretary said he had not received Senator Penrose's letter, but that telegrams as strong as the senator could wish already had been sent by the department and that a letter had been prepared this evening giving him the substance of these messages.

A number of refugees from the states of Durango and Tampico are now at the seaport of Tampico, whence they will sail for New Orleans next Sunday, according to reports today to the state department. The Seymour Taylor family of the Chamal colony, concerning whom inquiries were made, were reported safe and well.

Ninety Americans, including twenty-five women and children, in Empaine, on the west coast, can leave by train for Nogales, Ariz., whenever they desire.

The Penrose resolution draws attention to the Monroe doctrine and to the possibility that continued destruction of property in Mexico would involve international complications and intervention by European nations.

No Recognition.

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UVALDE HONEY

Best flavored honey to be had.
Texas' best product.
Order a jar now.

The Grocery So Different

WRECK ON ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Northbound Passenger Train Is Derailed in Mississippi—Four Are Injured.

New Orleans, Aug. 21.—North-bound Illinois Central passenger train No. 4 was derailed when running forty miles an hour through Borgne Chitto, Miss., shortly before noon today and four persons were seriously hurt. Quick thinking by Engineer F. Fordish doubtless saved man's lives.

The injured are:

Ira Watson, a jeweler of Brandon, Miss.

T. Cunningham of McComb, Miss.

The engine tender jumped the track at a switch. Fordish almost instantly put on the emergency brakes, but even then the baggage and combination cars rolled off a 15-foot embankment and the next three cars landed across the track. Three sleeping cars remained on the rails. Had not the brakes been applied so quickly it is believed the entire train would have rolled down the embankment.

SOMERVILLE-TEMPLE TRAIN.

Service Will Be Inaugurated on 25th of August.

Temple, Aug. 21.—The Temple chamber of commerce is arranging to celebrate the establishment of new passenger train service between Somerville and this city with a low rate dollar excursion on August 25th, when the new train will be put in service for the first time. The train will leave Somerville daily except Sunday at 6:15 a. m., arriving at Temple at 5 p. m.; returning leaves Temple at 5 p. m. and arrives Somerville at 8:45 p. m. The management of the Santa Fe has requested the chamber of commerce to suggest a suitable name for the new train, and this matter will be promptly attended to.

Forged Certified Check.

Boston, Aug. 21.—Lee, Higginson & Co., bankers, gave bonds valued at approximately \$10,000 to a stranger yesterday in exchange for a certified check which was returned to them today stamped as a forgery.

FRECKLE - FACE

Sun and Wind Bring Out Ugly Spots. How to Remove Easily.

Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of ointme—double strength—from Powers-Kelly Drug Co., and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength ointme, as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

For the best French Dry Cleaning of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments—

PHONE
McGREGOR

We also do Pressing.
Work called for and delivered.
721-723 Washington.
O. Phone 612. Now Phone, 2020
We Solicit Your Patronage.

Evolution

Sixty years ago today your grandmother used a little lye, a little tallow and the RESULT of her magic was SOAP.

TODAY

The process is too complicated and scientific to explain in limited space.

THE RESULT—which interests you—is SOAP.

Recent heavy purchases enables us to save you money on these "Best-of-all" Soaps.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

VIOLET GLYCERINE 3 cakes for 25 cents.

WHITE ROSE GLYCERINE 3 cakes for 25 cents.

SAVOND ORIENT. 3 cakes carefully wrapped and packed in artistic box—Violet, Sandalwood, Rose, Corylopsis—an extra value at NINETEEN CENTS A BOX.

Morrison's
"Old Corner" Drug Store

The Biggest and the Best in Texas.
WATCH OUR SHOW WINDOWS TODAY.

Current Events

In Woman's Sphere

BOTH PHONES 1928.

KATE FRIEND, Editor

COLUMBUS LADIES' AID TO HAVE GOOD PROGRAM

With Mrs. Ollie Buchanan in charge the members of the Columbus Baptist Ladies Aid will have an unusually interesting session this afternoon. The hour is 4:30. The Aid invariably devotes the fourth Friday of each month to missionary discussion, and the program arranged by Mrs. Buchanan will bear upon this subject.

A WEEK END HOUSE PARTY WITH MISS JANE MOORE

For the next few days the John Moore household on South Fifth will be quite gay. Miss Jane Moore and her sister, Mrs. J. W. Bondurant, of Tyler, are hostesses to the Mesdames Ernest Cortines and Frank Tennant of Dallas; also Mr. Jenizar of San Antonio, Miss Leona Walthal of San Antonio, has arrived, also Mrs. Loraine Rogers from Temple. In addition, friends in the city will be entertained. In all, quite a jolly week end spent.

THE MINIER-KELLY PARTY TO BE AT HOME SOON.

Mr. H. M. Minier writes from Denver to express the pleasure which he and his party have received from reading the Morning News every day in Denver; also, the party has sent to Waco for Cotton Palace pennants which they will fly during the four days' automobile trip home. It is recalled that the Miniers and the J. C. Kelleys were among the first of our summer departures. They went overland and have used their cars for scenic trips through the Rockies. The home trip will be made during the first week in September.

MISS MILDRED LASTINGER FOR MISS LOUISE HOWARD

As one of the especial pleasures for her guest, Miss Louise Howard of Mart, Miss Mildred Lastinger formed an early breakfast party for Cameron park Thursday. The party met and went out together in several automobiles, with Mrs. Lastinger the chaperone. Dismounted, a fire was built and coffee was soon steaming. In the meantime bits of breakfast bacon were spitted and the table set. It was quite jolly and a delightful manner of enjoying the cool of the morn. Those in the party were the Misses Lastinger, Howard, Bess Herrick, Flora Lee McCullough, Leona Wynne of Dallas, Nannie Halbert, Pansy Clinton and Lucile Ellsworth, with Messrs. Scott Hill, Beryl Kendrick, Richard Spencer, Ben Sleeter, Tom Castfield, John Latimore and Roy Eastland.

MRS. EMMA WOMBLE WELCOMED TO NEW NEIGHBORHOOD

Just removed into the neighborhood of a former neighbor and warm friends, Mrs. Emma Womble was the honoree of a charming little matinee party on Wednesday afternoon. The hostess was Mrs. Thomas Luckett of Seventeenth and Morrow. The rooms were given a beauty touch in cut flowers, while the music of the violins gave an enlivening impetus. Mrs. Luckett was assisted by her daughter, Mrs. Chester Fields. Her guests were those who shall hereafter be neighbors to Mrs. Womble. The afternoon was passed in introductions and animated talk, interrupted only by the refreshment service. Those privileged to meet their new neighbor under such agreeable conditions were Misses McGhee, Spruce and Tubb, with the Mesdames Stearns, E. R. Nash, H. B. Mistret, Carlton Davis, Spruce, George McGhee, W. M. Arnold, Clarence Hubby, Vesta Thomas, J. W. Holloway, W. C. Torbett, S. H. Clayton, S. C. Gaze, Domingue, W. P. Lyles, H. A. Smith and Fred Peck.

MISS MARGARET JORDAN HAS PLAYGROUND PARTY

Few little ladies in this city can boast such a beautiful home playground as does little Margaret Jordan. Pergolas, vines for shady dolly nooks, tents for the shady games, and everything else pretty makes this yard. Margaret is a young lady grown up to all of four years, and she has begun the custom of having her little friends, both boys and girls, with her on her birthday. "Daddy" plans for her, and then the two tell "Mamma" what shall be done. But it is borne in mind all the while that it is "Daddy's and my party." The all-important event for this year is now over, and more than thirty babies are talking about the great play time. One little guest hurried back next morning to see if any of the party was left. The tiny hostess met her guests and then, with the Misses Amanda Dally and Camille Scarcey to suggest, romped around the lawn. Near by in the tent was a well where Baby Billy Soley was in charge, assisted by his mother, Mrs. Chapin Soley. On hand-painted cards were as many numbers as there were guests. Two of these were prize numbers. Each little one drew, and then Billy drew one of the trinkets with corresponding number. The prizes were on the cards of Dorothy Bell and John Gray Kendall, their special souvenirs being a doll and a wagon with team. Mrs. W. L. Geer appeared with the birthday cake, always so exciting. Here the ring was found by Dorothy Rylander, the dime by John Gray Kendall. Punch all through the play, with cream cones and the cake, made the sweet part of this happy gathering. At least twenty-five mothers remained to enjoy the scene. Mr. and Mrs. Jordan were everywhere that could add pleasure to one of the little ones. Those who had this wonderful afternoon with little Margaret are:

Misses and Masters Bert Hunter, Alice Baker, Laura Bassett Boynton, James Boynton, Herman Houk of Corpus Christi, Dorothy Crawley, Pearl Feider Milam, Martha Lanham, Sam Lanham, Elizabeth Burrows, Jane Dodd Moore, Caroline Pryor, Frances Athernathy, Ruth Scarcey, Nell Colgin, Wilma Damon, Pauline Barrett, Sallie C. Geer, Alma Geer, Harlan Cross, Mary Cross, Jack Davis, Edith Soley, Bill Soley, Robert Nettles, Madge Nettles, John Gray Kendall, Dorothy Bell, Dorothy Rylander.

SOME LITERARY HAUNTS VISITED BY WACOANS

Cards arrived in the Thursday mail to tell that Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ross with Mrs. J. W. Mann were at Ocean Side in the historic home of Ramona. This has been restored by the great sugar king, Spreckels, and is now a point for tourists' visits. The Ross party made the trip in automobile. The Colorado tourists are all pilgrims to the grave of Helen Hunt Jackson.

children's recreation. Who loved the children better than Uncle Remus or who added more to the pleasure of their recreation hours?

Famous Men Contribute.

President Wilson has contributed an autograph copy of his Life of Washington; President Taft sent his autograph, ex-President Roosevelt had a portrait of himself and family taken especially for the Wren's Nest. A well known artist has made a medalion of Uncle Remus; Governor Hughes of New York, has sent his portrait. This begins a list of governors, and it is hoped to have something from the head of every state in the union. Jack London sent a souvenir from his trip around the world. Rudyard Kipling is a contributor, so is Richard Harding Davis, and Mark Twain gave as one of his last acts. Many other well known persons are represented. President Roosevelt gave the proceeds of a lecture, five thousand dollars, to the fund for buying the farm, and this amount was duplicated by Andrew Carnegie. Thus we see that men and nations have done honor to the original literary genius of the South.

TEACHERS' BIBLE STUDY AT AUSTIN AVENUE CHURCH

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the Teachers' Bible study class will meet at the Austin Avenue Methodist church. At 5 o'clock at the same place the orphanage playground promoters will have their weekly meeting.

Society Notes.

Mrs. Joseph Shelton will, with early autumn, join Dr. Shelton in the new home which will be Corpus Christi.

The coming week will find Miss Honoree the guest of Mrs. H. B. Mistret, Nineteenth and Morrow.

With Thursday Mrs. William Edmund became matron of her new home on North Sixteenth.

Mrs. Richard Munroe of Provident Heights, is succumbed to a case of nervous prostration. She has been housed for three weeks.

The upturning of Columbus street is considered the cause of cases of typhoid with both Mrs. Z. F. Beasler and Mrs. B. L. Hutcherson. They are both ill but not seriously so.

A West Texas wedding announcement is daily expected here. This, when it arrives, will create widespread interest.

Has it come to this, that before introduced, a young man inquires if a girl can have turkey trot?

How cool it does seem to be able to write the august date with a hyphen! It almost makes the rumble of the first season norther.

How many noted that if a case of cruel treatment was noticed, the same should be at once taken to City Marshal Barron at the city hall? He will give instructions as to how to proceed or will send a policeman at once.

We should not be discouraged if our window boxes and our general yards are not satisfactory. This seems to be the case all over the city. Watch the falling of the leaves much earlier than usual this year. This is evidence that vitality in foliage and flower has not been strong.

Those who have notices for the women's department of the Morning News are reminded that the same should be telephoned before 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to insure appearance in the next morning.

To remove the white spots on furniture rub with spirits of camphor.

Which is the largest room in the world? Room for improvement.

Mothers, think of the awful accidents which have occurred right here in Waco, to say nothing of those all over the country, and then do not allow your small boy to drive your automobile without the presence of some grown-up.

Miss Laura Johns of Austin, the recent visitor to Misses Maydeay Caufield and Anne Risher, will spend the coming winter with her aunt, Mrs. Albert Burleson, in Washington City. This will introduce Miss Johns into the cabinet social life.

Miss Rowena Barnett of Provident Heights, who is now visiting her aunt, Mrs. Polanz, in Dallas, will re-enter the State university for her senior year with the September opening.

Everybody is hoping the new Columbia street will form their society for uniform treatment of their parking. If the few old fogies rebel, pass them by, and make their spot a stigma upon their public spirit. There are always some who pull back and some who croak against city making. But this ought not to discourage the many who are public spirited. From what has been said in a general way, the outlook is for the large majority to join in making a beautiful park street of Columbus.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McCollum of Rose Park place, are leaving within a very few days for a three weeks' absence. They go to Tennessee and include in their travel the birthplace of Mrs. McCollum in North Carolina. In the meantime Mr. and Mrs. Buford McWhirter remain at Ingleside, where C. B. McCollum joins them for his vacation.

Which Waco woman was it who bought a new hat and paid a regular Easter bonnet price for it? And then went car riding with the hat inside.

Miss Anna Callahan, who has been visiting in Louisiana, is now with friends in Houston on her way home.

Miss Roberta Greenwood of Dallas, who has been the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. John Dyer, on Herring avenue, is returning home today.

Among the arrivals at home of Thursday was that of Mrs. William Lambdin of Austin street. She had been in Colorado.

Mrs. Studie of North Fifth is entertaining Miss Leona Wynne of Dallas.

These Values Insure a Full Days Business in a Half Day of Selling Today

Ladies' Summer Dresses

Regular Values \$2.19 On Sale Today 8:30 to 1 O'clock

One limited collection of Ladies' Summer dresses in fancy ratines, voiles, linens and lingerie in white, solid colors, stripes and fancy colors. Also a few gingham and lawn models. These are broken lines of our best sellers and are elaborately trimmed. Some slightly store-mussed from handling. However the regular values run from \$7.50 to \$10.00. Our reason for naming such a very low price is because we need the room for new garments arriving daily. They will sell fast. Your choice \$2.19 while they last today . . .

Daylight 2nd Floor Leaders

TISSUES—One assortment of 25¢ BED SHEETS—A limited number of our regular 60¢ Egyptian Tissues, today, 10¢ Seamless Sheets, today . . . 45¢

Boys' Straw and Cloth Hats Half Price

Every summer hat must be closed out. None reserved. All good stylish blocks and shapes. Make early selections.

\$1 Hats 50¢ 75¢ Hats 38¢ 50¢ Hats 25¢

This Store Will Close Promptly at 1:00 O'Clock

THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.

"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE."

IS INJURED IN TEMPLE FIRE

Will Schmels Attempts to Escape From Burning Building and is Probably Fatally Hurt.

Temporary

Fire discovered at 6 o'clock this morning in the two-story building occupied as a saloon by Geo. T. Koch and a restaurant by George Linton on the first floor, and a rooming house on the second floor, at First street and Avenue B, caused a panic among the lodgers in the latter and one of them, Will Schmels, a farmer living near Troy, received injuries from burns and the inhalation of smoke that will probably prove fatal.

It had been the intention of this editor to make a resume of the summer season literature, but so far the season has been worse than the famine in Kansas. One Gene Stratton Porter has obeyed the call to a midsummer novel.

We should not be discouraged if our window boxes and our general yards are not satisfactory. This seems to be the case all over the city. Watch the falling of the leaves much earlier than usual this year. This is evidence that vitality in foliage and flower has not been strong.

Those who have notices for the women's department of the Morning News are reminded that the same should be telephoned before 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to insure appearance in the next morning.

Miss Grace Arbuckle of North Twelfth has returned from a vacation visit to Miss Ruth Lipscomb of Rockport.

Mrs. Robert Rogers and Miss Roberta Rogers of South Fifth reached home from Arkansas on Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Davis of Temple is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dean Davis, Eleventh and Barron.

Mrs. McCall of Montgomery is the early expected guest of Mrs. Harry Risher, Twelfth and Barron.</p

WACO MORNING NEWS

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Edwin Hobby Vice President
E. R. Smith Secretary
James Hays Quarles, Managing Editor

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Per month	.75

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TRAVELING AGENTS.

Following are the traveling agents of The News who are authorized to solicit and receipt for subscriptions, advertising, etc.: L. E. Bevill, F. E. Long, W. H. Byrd.

AN INVESTIGATION WASTED?

That the late called session passed bills on the bulk of subjects submitted by the governor is not to be reckoned legislative achievement—not a session "good record." One need consider only the important heads on which no acts were sent to the executive in response to his proposals, comparing these with the mass of local and incidental measures rushed through in the last week or so, to subscribe to the justness of this view.

Because there might be no liquor traffic legislation in the dying days of the session if proper attention were given the weightily important matter of bonded warehouses, the demand of the farmers for warehouses went, via the majority, to that guillotine of many worthy plans—the factional caucus and was decapitated on the floor. No need to analyze or even discuss cursorily the batch of bills vouchsafed fair treatment and passage; the slender list in these columns Thursday tells its own story and would tell quite the whole story even had not this performance or that, in connection with these measures, been commented on in the past month.

It must generally be concluded that the most unhappy omission of the session, occasioned by factional animosity to the executive, all his works and all his men, was the manner of dealing with the vexed problem of the prison system—with especial emphasis on that exhibition of consummate littleness, the rejection of the governor's nominees for the prison board. It is sadly to judge that the investigation of conditions and the voluminous, commendatory report resulting, of the system's financial depression and management, ordered by the regular session, may almost have been wasted. Certainly neither house gave the situation anything near the adequate informed treatment in the way of bills it could have given. Makeshift, hodge-podge attempts were not lacking; something in degree better resulted. But this subject was one of the items in the call! Figures, narrative and recommendations of their own committee were before the legislature. The condition of the system was household conversation and daily newspaper text.

What did the rejection of the Messrs. Cabilio, Tittle and Branan avail, even if it were honestly considered they do not belong in charge of these big affairs, except, possibly, to give a deeper hue to the already black eye of the State penitentiary system's credit and militate further against the chances of financial and disciplinary and industrial improvement? Little note is to be given the executive's admission of error in abolishing the lease system and his offer to bear the burden of the blame for financial stringency rather than see his re-appointed commissioners shovved aside as having been unprofitable servants of the State. It is enough to consider solely the "inwards" of the situation.

The governor may proceed to appoint a board of commissioners—a recess or vacation appointment. If he shall follow the example of Col. Roosevelt, as president, in the matter of the senate's rejection of appointment of that Southern dusky office holder, he will appoint the same three commissioners, willy nilly. Not that we are inclined to believe he may do this thing. But the board he may appoint might be as objectionable to the senators as the trio it voted out. The rejection merely strips the system of its governance for a season—until Mr. Colquitt is ready to supply the vacancies under even the new law. Could the legislature know more fit men would be given these places?

It is a very perilous mire in which the prison system flounders. The legisla-

ture had every opportunity, all advice, to provide a complete remedy. And the reply to criticism of this sort by those of its personnel who put really proper treatment of these conditions out of the question by factional, puerile contiving against the governor and his desire doubtless will be, as usual, to hold up the record of the session and show they passed a big collection of local bills and a smaller lot of measures generally uncontroversial.

FIVE MILLIONS FOR HUMANITY.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, summarizing its legislative campaign for the current year, announces that out of forty-one State legislatures in session during the season laws dealing with tuberculosis were enacted in thirty States and in thirty-four States con-

sideration was given to bills dealing with the prevention of this disease.

Appropriations to the amount of over \$5,000,000 have been set aside for the treatment and prevention of tuberculosis by the various State legislatures in session this year. Most of this money is for the maintenance of State sanatoria. There are at the present time thirty-nine such institutions in thirty-one different states. Connecticut, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania each having more than one sanatorium. Delaware is the only State which has made provisions for a State sanatorium for tuberculous negroes. In addition to the amounts appropriated by the various State governments, congress will be obliged to set aside nearly \$1,000,000 for the maintenance of the United States public health, the army and the navy sanatoria, and the tuberculosis hospital of the District of Columbia.

Among the notable advances in the legislative enactments of this year, are the tuberculosis registration law of Colorado; laws providing for subsidies to local hospitals in Minnesota and Wisconsin, an act providing for the establishment of State bureaus for the prevention of tuberculosis in Ohio and California. A complete analysis of the tuberculosis legislation considered and enacted in 1913, is being prepared by the National Association.

NATIONAL DEFENSE NEEDS.

Representative Julius Kahn, of California, is quoted by Mobile Item to the effect that improvement of the rivers and harbors of the country is an important factor in the national defense. Mr. Kahn is the ranking minority member of the committee on military affairs and has given much attention to the problems of army organization. He is also deeply interested in the improvement of the ports, believing that the future greatness of America depends upon utilizing natural resources to the best advantage and making them serve the nation in a practical way. He says:

"I am in favor of the best system of river and harbor improvements we can devise. Naturally I am much interested in an efficient army and a strong navy, and I realize the necessity for making use of our rivers and harbors not only for commerce but as a means of defense. We never know when it may be necessary to have troops afloat. In time of war we would not dare send troops to sea without a naval convoy. If that convoy should be attacked by superior numbers anywhere near our coasts the troop ships must seek shelter in the nearest port. With them should go the convoy, consequently the harbors on our coast should be made accessible to our deep draft battleships. Good harbors will thus become an aid to the national defense as well as a benefit to commerce."

Kr. Kahn does not believe there can be anything sectional in advocating a liberal policy for the rivers and harbors, or the improvement of any other national project, for the reason that all sections must be benefited by everything that is for the common good.

The Panama canal is the greatest waterway improvement ever undertaken in the world," says the California congressman, "but its supporters were not confined to the Pacific coast or the Atlantic coast. The Mississippi valley, whose ships we hope to see in the near future passing through the Golden Gate; the people of the iron and coal regions contiguous to the Ohio river; people of the great Western prairies, and those within the shadow of the magnificent Rocky Mountains, all are interested in and helped to make the Panama canal possible. Some are actuated by the moving spirit of the human race—the increase in worldly acquisitions which the canal would bring—but above and beyond all else that caused the construction of the Panama canal is the lofty patriotism of people proud of their nation and determined to preserve it for their posterity.

"We dredge our rivers; we build our harbors; we improve our navigation for which makes the pulses of the world throb in business activity—for the returns in dollars and cents which surely follow. But we built the Panama canal and control it, primarily, as a means of national safety. We build our battleships and maintain our army—not now in such a condition as I think adequate or desirable—for the same purpose. We utilize our advantages for commerce, but a still higher motive is the preservation of the Republic."

There is, we think, no truth in the report that the State's new board of water engineers will be headquartered in Dallas. Its work involves first-hand acquaintance with—did the Dallas Times Herald interrupt?

It used to be, "McKinley will give you free wool and tin plate if you'll

wait 'till the sweet bye and bye." The Democrats had that for a campaign song when the major defeated the orange for the first time. In 1916 the Republicans will be able to sing a song of free sugar nearer at hand and gnash their teeth at a vote per gnash.

Hon. Henry D. Clayton, of Alabama, with one foot on the sea of his claims to a seat in the senate and another on terra firma of his right to his congressional membership is as busy as some of his colleagues ought to be in putting a stop to these disputes that interfere with the real task of the session.

Governor Colquitt will go to Panama late in September. So will Mr. Attorney General Looney. The day of their departure Texas paragraphs will express the hope that they will not attempt to advise the engineers how to keep Culebra free of landslides.

The Bulgarian government was officially informed today that the European powers are considering measures to compel Turkey to respect the treaty of London." There's the respect that makes the Turks' calamity of so long life, we will wager.

By all means, Senator Hudspeth, make it easy for foreign corporations to come to Texas. And then we will implore that it be made possible for them to remain in Texas. Welcome sixteen months of sweet development, peace and quiet business.

A millionaire bachelor of St. Paul disappeared lately and his garments were found on a river bridge. That's the popular, old hoax of every rich bachelor who wants to be perfectly sure of remaining a bachelor and, therefore, rich.

Acting Governor Mayes lets it be known that there is nothing doing as to another called session while he flourishes the pen and Mr. Colquitt goes to hear other governors tell their troubles to Pike's Peak.

O, let the pros be presented graciously with the speaker of the 34th house—on condition that he get along with the governor. Save all that trouble and expense of headquarters and canvass.

Washington has received a few thousand words of Huerta's 7000-word, "Nix!" Let the Republicans be very sure the message is not "collect" for the waste is great.

The governor offered to take the blame for prison system stringency, but the senate did not substitute by presenting him with confirmation of his prison commission appointees.

It is reported that the "general" brother of Cip Castro has landed at Port of Spain disguised—as a respectable citizen?

Ah! How is the A. and M. College directory-blessed? With the farmer in politics or the politician back to the farm?

We have the ungrateful spectacle of Senator Owen doing dermatology on his own chee-fid, the currency bill.

Mr. Thaw cannot lose the habit of seeing and feeling lawyers.

Sulzer Says Little: Sweet are the uses of adversity.

Will Europe have to thrash the Turk in Thrace?

Kansas Starts to Build Reservoirs. For what?

Texas Viewpoints

As It Likes It.

Let Editor Talmage of Marshall Messenger be not too hard on Dallas press's daily quota on the murder mystery. "Dallas newspapers rehash each day the account of the day before the murder case," he writes.

"They absolutely have nothing new to print, but they keep hammering at it as if the crime had just been committed. Were they making any attempt themselves to run down the murderer it might be different, but really no purpose in constantly working the bow on the same string is apparent." But the public wants to know, next morning, that the officers did nothing the day before—nothing that "got" anything. What else than "rehash" is possible, then? Surely the matter might not be disposed of in a paragraph stuck away 'neath a puff of heated ozone from the halls of congress?

Bank Account Adulation.

"City papers sometimes make fun of the personals in the country press," hits back Mt. Pleasant Times Review, "but the foolishness in the city papers about people with money is disgusting to the people who know the truth."

It used to be, "McKinley will give you free wool and tin plate if you'll

wait 'till the sweet bye and bye." The Brothman, even pay for those same personals if they are patently funny. A city paper recently spoke of the purchase by a Mr. B. of a painting, and said that his extensive travels and culture qualified him to judge art. The fact is that all who know Mr. B. know that he knows no more about art than he knows about Sanskrit. He has been a successful merchant, but as to his culture, the least said the better. He could not tell a chromo from a water color. He wouldn't know the difference between an 'old master' and a 'pot boiler' printed by machinery at \$1 each. His wife or some one in whose judgment he had confidence might have told him it was a work of art, but he—it makes one tired to see the fulsome flattery by the city papers of people whose only claim to prominence is that they have a large roll." Well, isn't that "some" claim, this statement was made today by Charles S. Gleed, one of the owners of the Kansas City Journal and former resident of Lawrence, in an address at a reunion of the survivors of the historic Quantrell raid.

Lawrence, Kan., Aug. 21.—When Kansas border in war times were largely blamed by Mr. Gleed for the Lawrence raid.

"These agitators were well ex-

plified by the Squatter Sovereign, published in St. Joseph, Mo.," said Mr. Gleed.

"Here is how it talked: 'We are of the opinion that if the people of Leavenworth or Weston would hang one or two boatloads of abolitionists it would do more towards establishing peace in Kansas than all the speeches that have been delivered in congress during the present session.'"

William C. Quantrell, the guerrilla leader, Mr. Gleed described as a thin, cold, bloodless man, with great personal vanity, "who assassinated his own people if they got in his way."

He applied to human beings the practices of a cruel boyhood in the torturing and killing of animals."

"We cannot forget those who died and those who suffered," Mr. Gleed concluded, "but every drop of blood spilled that day nourished the flowers of liberty."

Has Been Fifty Years Since Quantrell's Raid

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Waco Can Handle the Cotton.

(Waco Tribune.)

Mr. Quarles signed article, dealing with the omission of Waco in the plan of the government to help move the cotton crop, is along sensible and reliable lines. It seems that Waco need not hope to get a place in the list of favored cities. There is no disposition here to criticize the action of the treasury department, and less to doubt the good intentions of Secretary McAdoo. Undoubtedly he means well, and in shaping his procedure he followed the line of least resistance. It is perhaps quite natural that he should conclude that population was the safest and even the fairest rule. Waco has no quarrel with the secretary, though it may be regretted that he was not advised, at the outset, as to the real conditions as to the production and concentration, for trade purposes, in Texas. In that case he would have realized what is the truth, that as a cotton market this city is so far ahead of San Antonio and Fort Worth that comparison is hardly worth while.

There is no petty jealousy here, either of the preference accorded those two cities. We can imagine the surprise that the bankers and cotton men in San Antonio and Fort Worth must have experienced on learning that they were selected as points for deposit of government funds, and Waco omitted. It may be assumed that the San Antonio and Fort Worth bankers were not anticipating action of that nature, and thus they were treated to an agreeable surprise. Of course they accepted the situation and gracefully enough. Who looks a gift horse in the mouth? Naturally and properly, they felt proud of the prestige that was given to Waco as a cotton market. They are as human as the rest of us and made known their appreciation. They do not need as much cotton money as Waco will, for it may be assumed that the San Antonio and Fort Worth bankers were not creditable to the business of the country. Nor scurries nor flagellating by governors, societies and unions has ever caused the Texas legislature to change by a point the uneven tenor of its way. Mr. Rountree may be reminded that the average editorial writer in this state is doing something in the scorpion-whip scourging line himself—but it's wasted work.—Waco Morning News.

Colonel Quarles is young. He has forgotten when Governor James Stephen Hogg had passed THE railroad commission when others declared a commission would do, in 1891. He has forgotten when Governor Charles A. Culver in 1893 vetoed the entire appropriation bill and wrote a fair message. Texas is catching what Sherman said war really was. Texas needs somebody with a whip of scorpions to scourge the temple at Austin." Nor scurries nor flagellating by governors, societies and unions has ever caused the Texas legislature to change by a point the uneven tenor of its way. Mr. Rountree may be reminded that the average editorial writer in this state is doing something in the scorpion-whip scourging line himself—but it's wasted work.

Colonel Quarles will perhaps repeat his commendable work next year—if government co-operation should seem to be advisable then. In such event, he will be better posted next time. He will know more about Waco as a cotton center. He has made a ten-strike, we think, in taking the step to help out the Southern cotton growers, as well as the grain producers of the West—and will have assurance of appreciation.

As Colonel Quarles grows older he will learn that it is not the best policy for Texas for the governor and the legislature to engage in a regular Kilkenny cat fight. The thing has grown contemptible and pusillanimous and is a disgrace to Texas. Men who quarrel continually are unfit for leadership and ought to be driven out of power.

Editor Returns on Editorial Prowess.

(Georgetown Commercial.)

Vote the "Easter Message" and vane the "Good Friday Message" and dump ashes on the "Prodigal Son Message"—and answer disapprovingly this from the Georgetown Commercial: "With a legislature and a governor at loggerheads Texas is catching what Sherman said war really was. We are asserting and reasserting that the farmer should have the absolute and unqualified right to hold his cotton and products, to put up his warehouse receipts at these proposed banks, just like the business man puts up his paper, secure the money and hold his crop until the market suits him. He labors in sunshine and rain from daylight to dark in the field to grow his cotton, a better security even than gold, for it brings gold to us from the furthest limits of the earth when nothing else will; and he should now have provision to get the currency from these banks on his assets and hold his crop, upon the same terms upon which we farm out government credit and let the money to the banker and commercialist under the new Glass asset system.

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He should not be

Williams Downs Johnston in Newport Tournament

Young Californian Is Beaten By Easterner.
Decisive Match of Meet to Be Today.
McLaughlin vs. Clothier.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 21.—Of the 148 tennis players who entered the thirty-third annual all-comers singles championship tournament of the United States lawn tennis association Monday, there remain just ten in the list tonight. After a day of sensational contests, in which the defeat of William M. Johnston by R. Norris Williams was the feature, it was conceded that the standard of play had never reached the point of excellence which marked the present tourney.

Williams required four sets in which to win from Johnston, the scores being 6-2, 6-4, 3-6, 8-6, but the margin of victory was far closer than the score of games would indicate. The Californian was forced to bow to the more finished play of his opponent, but not until he had put up a battle which aroused another record gallery in a manner seldom seen at the Casino courts. It was a thrilling battle of racquets and in the end the Philadelphian conquered because of his experience and nonchalance under stress of a grueling contest.

Williams displayed his usual indifference to breaks in his play and played as it were a prearranged plan. It was this facility that finally gave him the match. In service volleying, back court and net play he was little if any superior to Johnston and it was his placement alone that earned him the victory.

Tanner Still Strong With Stick and Waco Wins 4-1

Hill Holds Austin to Five Hits and Has Good Support; Tanner's Home-Run and Wohleben's Single Score Local Runs; Dugey Makes Great Stop

TEXAS LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Houston	81	53	.605
Dallas	77	58	.576
Waco	74	60	.552
San Antonio	68	71	.527
Austin	65	59	.545
Fort Worth	62	73	.455
Galveston	59	75	.449
Beaumont	52	83	.385

Waco took the game 4 to 1, but that wasn't the feature of the afternoon; the real achievement at Katy Park yesterday was the production of final and convincing evidence that Houston has been carrying a concealed weapon in the shape of a horse shoe. Austin's second baseman is credited with the proof of this fact, which Waco fans have long suspected.

Markley produced the identical sort of hit which was a home run for Knaupp, the Buffalo second baseman. The ball hit the fence in the left-field spot and bounded off—but not with the left-field bounce. That's where the indisputable evidence was produced that the Buffs do carry a horse shoe. Knaupp's hit bounded over for a home run; Markley fell back into the park for a single.

That was ordinary luck vs. Houston luck. And against the ordinary variety Waco can win out, as yesterday proved.

Budde Tanner was once more raining dust all through the game. He still refuses to regard the rights of pitching averages of the opposing twirlers. The first time up yesterday he won the game. It was very simple. With Rennard resting on first after a walk, Arch lined the ball out of the park for a single.

He only got that home run and a single out of three times at bat. The hot weather, some say, in taking his pep.

Dugay was also a little off his feed and allowed himself to be walked three times; the other time up he could only single. This kept his hitting for the day at a thousand, however, which Jake says is as good as he has done on a Thursday for several weeks. He made up by a pretty piece of fielding, when he ran a few hundred yards and took a sideways dive which captured a would-be single in mid-career.

The Game by Innings.

Hill and Larson were both liberal with walks. In the opening stanza Hill's generosity would have hurt his chances had it not been for a bit of scintillation by his infield which pulled him out with no fatal results. After Roche had fouled out Cliff issued passes to Haigh and James; but Beck swung on to McIver's bouncer and shot it to Dugay, who passed it along to Wohleben before McIver could reach the station.

The two runs which Waco brought home per A. Tanner in the second were too simple to require further description.

In the fourth, Larson was fined \$5 and probably had his sensibilities injured by the umpire's plain talk. It was Larson's fault in one way, however. He saw Crichtlow slide into second, and thought Howell was going to call it a safe steal, whereupon he began to unload his candid opinions before he realized that Crichtlow had been called out.

Yes, that \$5 could have been spent somewhere else to better advantage.

Lefty Lewis singled in the fifth and went to second when Crichtlow had trouble picking up the ball. Roche followed soon afterwards with a single to right, and Lefty saved Austin from the whitewash.

Dugay drew one of his numerous walks in the eighth, and improved the opportunity by going to second when

Williams won a total of 156 points, with Johnston only seven behind with 149. Placements were 61 for Williams and 35 for Johnston.

Although the Williams-Johnston match was the grandest court feature, the contests on the other courts did not lack merit. As was expected, Champion M. E. McLoughlin defeated Robert Leroy in straight sets and William Clothier likewise won from W. L. Pace. Wallace Johnston and J. R. Strachan also came through another round, defeating respectively J. G. Brown Jr. and C. M. Bull Jr.

William Washburn won from R. Evans Jr. and Leonard Beckman eliminated F. W. Cole after a hard five-set match. The one upset of the day was the defeat of G. P. Gardner Jr. by Nat Niles in four sets, reversing the usual result when these players have met heretofore.

In the interscholastic championship the semi-final round was reached with H. C. Carter defeating W. L. McKim and J. H. Weber defeating William Blair. The Harvard and Chicago scholastic titleholders will meet tomorrow for the championship, but the feature of Friday comes in the battle of McLoughlin and William Clothier on the grandstand court. Experts predict that the winner of this match will next week be acclaimed the United States champion of 1913.

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\$50.00 WASHINGTON AND RETURN



Only line with double daily through service. Route of New York and New Orleans Limited. Best connections at New Orleans.

Union Natl. Bank Bldg. C. H. Mann, T. P. A., Houston, Tex.

INDIA TEA

Incomparable for Iced Tea

ONE TEASPOONFUL MAKES TWO CUPS

Published by the Growers of India Tea

THE BANKERS TRUST CO.

will be glad to talk with you about your Will. We may solve some vexed problems for you—and we make no charge for advice. We act as Executor, Trustee, Guardian. We charge the statutory fees fixed by law. The courts have designated us as a depository for court and state funds and monies in the hands of executors, trustees and guardians. Why not see us and talk with us about your Will?

AND YOUR ESTATE?

GRADING FOR CORN IS QUIET AT ALBANY

SEVEN TENTATIVE CLASSES ARE FORMULATED BY AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Galloway Gives Out Descriptions So That the Public May Be Informed.

Sulzer Remains in Conclusion of Private Offices—Thaw Matter Is All He Handles.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Seven grades for commercial corn, tentatively formulated by the department of agriculture office of grain standardization, were announced today. The descriptions were given out by Acting Secretary Galloway so the public may be fully informed regarding them before they finally are adopted as the grades for commercial corn.

A formal hearing will be held here the latter part of September or some time during October, when government officials will listen to any suggestions from the corn trade or others interested, before the grades finally are adopted.

Description of the grade, classification of white, yellow and mixed corn, in maximum percentages, follow:

Grade	Sample	Foreign Matter	Damaged Corn	Moisture
No. 1	14.0	2	1	2
No. 2	15.5	4	1	3
No. 3	17.5	6	2	4
No. 4	19.5	8	2	4
No. 5	21.5	10	3	5
No. 6	23.0	15	5	7
White Corn—All grades shall be at least 90 per cent white.				

Sample Grades—All corn does not meet the requirements of any of the six numerical grades by reason of an excessive percentage of moisture, damaged kernels, foreign matter or badly broken corn; of corn that is hot, heat damaged, fire burnt, infested with live weevil or otherwise of distinctly low quality.

General rules tentatively adopted included: Corn in grades No. 1 to No. 5 must be sweet.

Yellow Corn—All grades shall be at least 95 per cent yellow.

Mixed Corn—All grades shall include

Deaths and Burials.

J. Ward Sanderson.

The body of J. Ward Sanderson will be buried at 5 o'clock this afternoon in Oakwood cemetery. The funeral service will be conducted at the residence of Mrs. E. W. Sanderson, at 1023 N. Fifteenth street.

corn of various colors not coming within the limits for color as provided under white or yellow corn.

No. 6—Grade must be musty, sour or of inferior quality and reasons for so grading must be stated on the inspector's ticket or certificate and must also be stated for sample grade.

Finely Broken Corn—The department rules should include all particles that will pass through an 8x8 mesh wire; sieve and badly broken or cracked corn through a 4x4 mesh.

SET TEETH THIS WEEK ONLY \$4.00.

ITS IN THE SUCTION

4 NO PAIN

We want to convince nervous people and people who are afraid of pain that high-class dentistry can be done **Absolutely Painless**. Teeth can be extracted without Pain and there will be no bad after effects.

REDUCED PRICES.

Set Teeth \$4.00 Up Best Filling \$1.00

Gold Crowns \$4.00 Extraction \$1.00

Bridge Work \$4.00 Porcelain Crowns \$4.00

NEW YORK PAINLESS DENTISTS DR. J. M. ELDER, Mgr.

THAW NOW PLANS TO BE DEPORTED

Continued from page 1.

Canada. The roads were of the old corduroy variety and the horse was exhausted. When two miles from Canada on the Canadian side, the party was compelled to forsake the rig and hire another from an old French-Canadian farmer, Outavie Neday. The best that Neday could give them was one horse and a rickety buggy. In this way they made slow progress over the bad roads till St. Hermengilde de Garfond was reached, when Thaw was arrested.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lauder Carnegie, Thaw's brother-in-law and sister, left town tonight. Mrs. Thaw, the mother, would not come here, they said.

"We have and we shall retain the best available counsel for Harry," said Mr. Carnegie. "We are well pleased with the progress of the case to date. I feel certain that his days of confinement now are very few. I have telegraphed to Harry's mother that there is no need of her coming here."

Asked pointblank just before he stepped on the train if the Thaw family would support the five men who managed Thaw's escape by automobile, Carnegie shrugged his shoulders and said:

"Well, of course, we expect to do the proper thing."

Bryan Wires Authorities.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Without authority to make a formal request in the name of the United States government for the delivery of Harry K. Thaw by the Canadian authorities, Secretary Bryan late today responded to acting Governor Glynn's appeal for assistance in the effort to bring the Matteawan fugitive back to New York by sending the following personal telegram to the British ambassador, Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, now at Dublin, N. H.:

"We are informed that Harry K. Thaw, who lately escaped from an insane asylum in New York, in which he was confined after acquittal of murder on the ground of insanity, is in custody in the province of Quebec, with a view to his deportation under the Canadian immigration laws. This department, while not in a position to make a request in the matter, which in its present aspect is not within our extradition treaty, brings it to your notice with a view to such action as the Canadian authorities may find themselves justified in taking."

Copies of the acting governor's message to Mr. Bryan were turned over to the bureau of immigration, but in official circles here it was believed tonight there would be no further action on the part of the federal authorities. The immigration bureau deals only with aliens and the state department can do nothing in the absence of grounds for seeking Thaw's extradition.

The Sulzer message had not reached the state department at the closing hour today and copies of Secretary Bryan's telegram to the ambassador were forwarded only to Acting Governor Glynn and Attorney Carmody.

Secretary Bryan carefully avoided taking any part in New York's controversy over the governorship, addressing the telegram to "Martin H. Glynn, State Capitol, Albany, N. Y."

While Mr. Sulzer's telegram had not been formally laid tonight before Secretary Bryan, tomorrow a copy of the telegram sent to Ambassador Spring-Rice will be similarly transmitted to Mr. Sulzer.

Interpretation of Law.

New York, Aug. 21.—Examination of the statutes of New Hampshire and Vermont do not reveal authority for the extradition of Harry Thaw from either of those states to New York on the ground that he is an escaped lunatic. The statutes covering extradition relate only to fugitives from justice from another state who must be charged with a crime committed in that state.

This was the interpretation of the statutes of the two states given by competent attorneys of this city today. It was pointed out that the warrant charging Thaw with conspiracy, issued by the authorities of Dutchess County, New York, could be made the basis for extradition proceedings.

It was held that if the question were then brought up in the state where only official act was to take a hand in the Thaw deportation matter by requesting the assistance of the federal authorities.

Mr. Glynn spent considerable time on the same matter. He also honored two requirements for fugitives from justice of the governor of Georgia and the governor of Massachusetts.

The expectation that a sharp skirmish would be precipitated by a resolution by the acting governor for the services of some of the members of the gubernatorial clerical staff now quartered in Governor Sulzer's apartments, failed to materialize. Mr. Glynn announced that for the present he is being efficiently served by members of his own staff.

Deaths and Burials.

J. Ward Sanderson.

The body of J. Ward Sanderson will be buried at 5 o'clock this afternoon in Oakwood cemetery. The funeral service will be conducted at the residence of Mrs. E. W. Sanderson, at 1023 N. Fifteenth street.

corn of various colors not coming within the limits for color as provided under white or yellow corn.

No. 6—Grade must be musty, sour or of inferior quality and reasons for so grading must be stated on the inspector's ticket or certificate and must also be stated for sample grade.

Finely Broken Corn—The department rules should include all particles that will pass through an 8x8 mesh wire; sieve and badly broken or cracked corn through a 4x4 mesh.

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"BACK EAST" LOW FARE EXCURSIONS

Low Round Trip Fares

to New York or Boston

Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence River, Adirondack Mountains, New England, White Mountains, Canadian Resorts, Atlantic Seashore and Jersey Coast Points.

Stop-over privileges at all interesting points en route and option of water or rail trips between Cleveland and Buffalo, Albany and New York.

Tickets on Sale Daily to September 30

New York Central Lines

Big Four—"The Water-Level Route"

Ask for a copy of our "Guide to New York City." It contains valuable and interesting information about the Metropolis, sent on receipt of five cents in stamps. Address New York Central Lines Travel Bureau, 1225 La Salle Street Station, Chicago.

Apply to your local agent for tickets and sleeping car reservations, or for complete information, call on address our

Dallas Office, 888 Wilson Building

H. C. Correa, General Agent Pass Dept.



I. & G. N.

Corpus Christi

And Return

\$10.80

On sale Friday of each week in August and September. Return limit 10 days.

City Ticket Office, 110 S. 4th St.

J. C. JONES, P. & T. A.

SUMMER EXCURSION



On June 1 to September 30, limited to October 31, we will sell round trip tickets at very low rates. Liberal stop-overs allowed.

To all points in the Southeast, call on

W. S. GILLESPIE, C. P. & T. A.
111 S. Fourth Street.

H&TC

Baltimore, Md.

BIENNIAL SESSION.

SUPREME LODGE K. OF P. (Colored)

Selling dates August 21st, 22d, 23d and 24th, limited to return September 5th.

\$43.45

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS AND RETURN

\$8.35

Dates of sale Aug. 22nd and morning of 23rd, limited to Aug. 26th.

Full particulars at H. & T. C. ticket office, 112 S. 4th street.

MKT

St. Louis and Return....\$30.15

Kansas City and Return....\$23.35

Chicago and Return....\$30.00

New York and Return....\$60.30

Stop-over allowed within final limit, Oct. 31. Through Sleeper for Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

WM. A. MORROW, C. T. A.
600 Franklin St.

S.A. & A.P.

\$5.35

Corpus Christi

Portland,

Ingleside,

Aransas Pass,

Rockport.

On sale every Saturday,

ICED TEA THEA-NECTAR

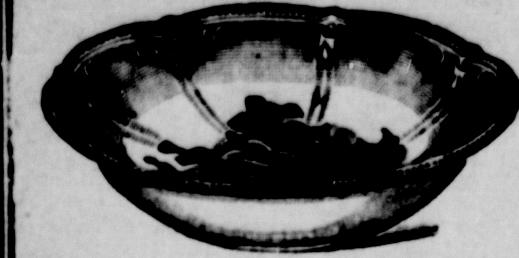


Makes the best Iced Tea.
Absolutely pure, warranted to suit all tastes.

60c PER POUND BOX

FREE
Salad Bowl

with each pound
Friday and Saturday only.



THE PLACE TO GET IT

New Phone
815



623 AUSTIN

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WORKING HARD ON CURRENCY BILL

HOUSE, CAUCUS AND DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS CONSIDER MEASURE.

FEARS CHARGES OF SURRENDER

Wingo Says Union Caucus Supports Interlocking Directorate, Amendment Will Hurt Party.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Both the house democratic caucus and the conference of democratic members of the senate committee on banking and currency considered the administration currency bill today.

One minor amendment was voted into the bill in the caucus, which adjourned until tomorrow with the Neely amendment pending to prohibit any man from being a director of more than one bank.

Representative Wingo of Arkansas declared at the close of the session that if the caucus should vote down the interlocking directorate prohibition amendment it would furnish the republicans with campaign material for a charge that the democratic party had surrendered to Cleveland Dodge and Cyrus McCormick, heavy contributors to the Wilson campaign fund.

There was no real test of the so-called insurgent strength at any time today, but all amendments proposed were voted down overwhelmingly, the vote in one case being 21 to 163.

Protest from Bankers.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Protest against the administration currency bill is expected to be the result of a conference of the bankers from all over the country, which will begin here tomorrow. Amendments probably will be recommended to eliminate some of the features of the Glass-Owen bill now pending in congress.

More than 250 bankers are expected to attend the conference. Among them will be members of the currency commission of the American Bankers association, presidents of the various state bankers' associations, presidents of banks representing clearing houses and other representative bankers. The conference is to be under the auspices of the Bankers' Currency commission, which has invited the financiers of the country to come together to unite on a plan of action concerning the proposed currency bill.

A large delegation of eastern bankers and a number of western bankers who have been in Washington conference with Secretary McAdoo are expected here for the meetings. A. B. Hepburn of New York, head of the commission; Col. Frederick E. Farmswold of New York, secretary; Wm. Woodward, president Hanover National bank, New York, representing New York banks, and Geo. M. Reynolds of Chicago are among the prominent financiers expected to take part in the meetings.

The principal objections of the bankers to the bill as it stands were stated today by Charles Dawes, delegated to represent the Chicago Clearing House association, to be the federal reserve board, members who would be appointed by the president.

"If this bill is passed our banking system will be projected again into politics," said Mr. Dawes. "The great system of national banks is part of the fabric of business. No greater calamity could come than any alleged measure of reform which would cripple the banking system. It is dangerous to tamper with it. Capital must awaken to this menace and not defer action until it is too late."

Oliver Gets Appointment.

Austin, Aug. 21.—Dr. A. C. Oliver, senator from the First senatorial district, today was appointed by the governor superintendent of the Confederate home, to succeed Col. Richard Lyles, who has resigned, effective September 1. Dr. Oliver has accepted the appointment.

George W. Dillahite of Terrell, Kaufman county, has been appointed quartermaster and bookkeeper at the home, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Capt. Ben McCulloch.

FRANK J. BATTLE DIES OF WOUNDS

Former Waco Citizen Succumbs—Is Shot Three Times From Behind—Cause of Murder Is a Mystery. Officers Claim They Have Clues

Gatesville, Aug. 21.—Frank J. Battle, who was shot last night, died this morning and was buried here today at 5 o'clock p.m. Mr. Battle came in last night from Waco on the 8 o'clock train. He was with a man employed in a bakery. He went in the back door of the store to get an apron. As Battle came out of the back door he was shot. From indications he was struck in the forehead, the bullet ranging upward. The second shot struck in the left breast at the seventh rib and ranged upward, coming out under the right shoulder. The third shot struck one and one-half inches below the ribs and came out in the chest.

No arrest has been made. A great many seeming clues have been run down with no results. The officers and citizens are doing all that can be done to get some clue that will lead to success. The officers and many citizens worked all night. The whole af-

fair is very much of a mystery and officers are puzzled over it.

Chris Kemendo of this city went to Gatesville yesterday afternoon to attend the funeral of F. J. Battle and to assist in the investigation.

Battle was 36 years of age and had lived in Waco for about seven years, having come here from Temecula, where he was in the grocery business with C. H. Cox and V. Kemendo. He took an active part in social club life, being one of the leaders of the Beavers' club, and also was well known in political circles, being a member of the McLennan county democratic executive committee.

About three months ago he moved to Gatesville and bought out F. A. Thompson's grocery business. He was married in Gatesville to Miss Minnie Hammont of that city.

Battle leaves four brothers and three sisters, Lewis, Joe, Charles and Paul Battle; Mrs. V. Kemendo of Waco; Mrs. Ben Racagni of Waco and Mrs. Lucagay of San Antonio.

about the farm. With their recent contract the boys are making \$34 a week.

ANCIENT TENEMENTS.

Skyscrapers Built in Rome in the Year A. D. 69.

Raising crawfish to supply the lovers of this delicacy is an unique industry of two Greene county farmers, Mrs. Frank and Freddie Woods, who conduct a flourishing and lucrative business in the use of a large pond on the farm of their father, two and a half miles north of Springfield, says the New York Sun. The boys are believed to have the only crawfish farm in Missouri.

Four thousand of the crustaceans are marketed each week. They have a standing order with a St. Louis fish house for 1000 crawfish to be shipped every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and for 600 on Thursdays and Fridays. Last year they sold about 30,000 crawfish in St. Louis, for which they received \$8.56 a thousand. This year they expect to ship between \$6,000 and 100,000.

On the property where the crawfish are raised a large spring supplies the water for the pond covering several acres. This lake is grown thick with periwinkle mussels which is found in no other part of the country. Feeding upon this mussel is a shellfish of the periwinkle species. Upon the periwinkle and the moss crawfish feed in countless numbers.

The crawfish are caught with a small hand seine. One of the boys follows the edge of the pond with one end of the seine while the other wades out to the same depth with the other end. A single dragnet with the seine will often reward the boys with a catch of more than 2000 sizable crawfish.

The market requirements are for crawfish at least three inches in length. Many of the crawfish are eight inches long.

Seining for crawfish is done at night. An oil lamp is used by the boys to detect the presence of the "crawdads" feeding upon the moss at the edge of the pond. Not more than an hour is required each night to fill an order for 1000 of the creatures.

These are packed alive in baskets with wet moss and they reach their destination in express in good shape. Crawfish like lobsters are boiled alive. After being boiled the shell is easily removed leaving the white flaky flesh, which can be eaten at once or prepared in various ways for the table. Many of the restaurants in St. Louis serve crawfish soup.

The crawfish multiply in the pond without being cared for in any way and all the two Woods boys make is clear profit. The industry takes up little of their time and the work of catching the crawfish and shipping them to market does not interfere with their school work and their chores.

Rocking Is Bad for Babies.

The use of a cradle for rocking a baby was characterized as worse than barbarism by Dr. Le Roy L. Walker at the mothers' clinic in the Children's Homeopathic hospital, says the Philadelphia Record. The cradle, he said, should never have been instituted and should be abandoned to the little ones who were forced to suffer by its motion.

Dr. Walker tried to prove to the mothers that babies, like themselves, when they cried usually were in pain or need, and that they would regard it as worse than cruel to have to be churched and fro as a cure for their condition.

"The babies, like grownups," said the doctor, "prefer quiet when they are ill, and the usual remedies of being thrown in the air or rocked in a cradle are nothing more than the relics of barbarism. Children suffer intensely from this injudicious treatment by their parents and frequently are made physical and mental wrecks from it."

Dr. Walker also laid particular stress upon the necessity of the mothers being well nourished themselves if they wished the babies to be healthy. They should remember that there is no economy in stinting their food, as it only results in the extra expense of medicine and artificial food for the little one.

—

Miss Eileen Reddin of Mexia is a guest of Miss Mary Smith.

Miss Ryann of Calvert is a guest of her sister, Mrs. M. L. Levy.

Miss Marguerite Crawford of Palestine is visiting Marlin for the baths.

Miss Maurine Pierson has returned from a visit to her sister at Coleman.

Mrs. R. L. Vaughn and children of Mart are visiting relatives in Marlin.

J. G. Oltorf went to Reagan this afternoon to buy several bales of cotton.

Miss Kate Pringle of Seymour is a guest at the home of Mrs. I. J. Pringle.

Miss Noble Curtis of Houston is a guest in the home of Mrs. M. C. Peyton.

J. H. Baker of the Houston Post circulation department is in Marlin.

Miss Hale, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. Gregg, left today for Tallahassee, Fla.

A. M. McKinney, who was shot Friday night, is able to be up and was downtown a short time today.

Conoly Bartlett and George H. Carter Jr. have returned from the coast. They brought their fathers back with them.

Miss Esther Woodward left today for Asheville, N. C., to join Miss Pauline Battle for the remainder of the heated term.

Walter S. Hunnicutt, attorney at law, has returned from West Texas, where he has been recuperating from strenuous work at the State university.

Mrs. Georgia Baker of Thornton, who was the guest of Mrs. L. Nelson Lee, went to Mart Wednesday afternoon for a visit before returning home.

James A. Marks, district passenger agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Gulf Railway company, with headquarters at Houston, was in the city today.

Misses Kate and Lucy Keesee have returned from an extended visit to Florida. The young ladies had a most



Oakwood Annex Chapel

A front elevation of the chapel to be erected in Oakwood Annex, Waco's modern burial park.

The watchword of the directors of Oakwood Annex has been and will be "Permanence and Solidity"—the chapel will be fireproof in construction and will outlast many generations. Vaults will be constructed underneath this structure and every convenience provided for the lot holders of Oakwood Annex.

The grounds are rapidly being completed and with the permanent upkeep feature this burial park will be a credit to Waco and to Texas.

Information about the property and the prices, etc., of lots and the complete plat of the property can be obtained by application to W. D. Rondthaler, Manager, Room 1801 Amicable building or call either phone No. 986.

OAKWOOD ANNEX WACO CEMETERY ASSOCIATION



ALL-WATER ROUTE.

Magnificent coastwise steamers San Jacinto, Denver Concho, Sailing every Wednesday, leaving Galveston 3 p.m. direct for New York. Other steamers for Key West, Florida points and New York on Saturdays.

Full information at any railroad ticket office or write F. T. RENNIE, General Agt., MALLORY STEAMSHIP CO., Galveston, Texas. THE TEXAS LINE.

You will feel better if you drink

Smith's Mineral Water

Fresh from the wells, which are located at 29th and Speight streets, Waco, Texas.

Orders filled promptly. Ring 2606-Z, New Phone.

TO REMODEL DEPOT AT TEMPLE

T. N. W. and G. Will Reconstruct M. K. and T. Building for Its Use.

Temple, Tex., Aug. 21.—The Temple Northwestern and Gulf railway has purchased a site for its depot at Fifth street and Avenue A, one block north of the Santa Fe passenger terminal. The frame depot building formerly used by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway here has been purchased and will be moved to the site and remodeled at an expense of \$3,000. The depot will be moved to its location within the next two weeks.

INVESTIGATE KILLING.

Two Men and Two Women Being Held at Huntsville.

Huntsville, Tex., Aug. 21.—Two men and two women are being held here by Sheriff Faris for questioning in connection with the killing of Raymond Martin, who was shot to death at Calhoun Ferry, this county, Tuesday night. The quartette held includes Mrs. Martin and Myrtle Miles, the latter being a visitor at the Martin home. Ed Billberry and Isaac Carroll, both of whom worked for Martin. All four maintain that Martin was shot by some one outside the house. The sheriff declares he believes the shot was fired from the head of the stairs inside the house.

Martin was killed with a load of buckshot, the entire load having entered his left shoulder. The shot ranged downward. Sheriff Faris found a double-barrel shotgun with one barrel discharged and some shells loaded with the same size shot as Martin's death. He did not say where he found this gun.

Memphis Postmaster Dead. Memphis, Aug. 21.—Major J. C. French, recently appointed postmaster at Memphis, dropped dead at his breakfast table this morning from a stroke of apoplexy.

The German emperor saw that French arms had much greater importance in the Balkan war than had German ones. He also knew the military element from Germany that helped the Turks to blame for the misfortunes of the Turks. It is an open secret that Germany was to blame for this defeat.

These facts, Herr Bebel assured his correspondent, had been obtained from the best sources.



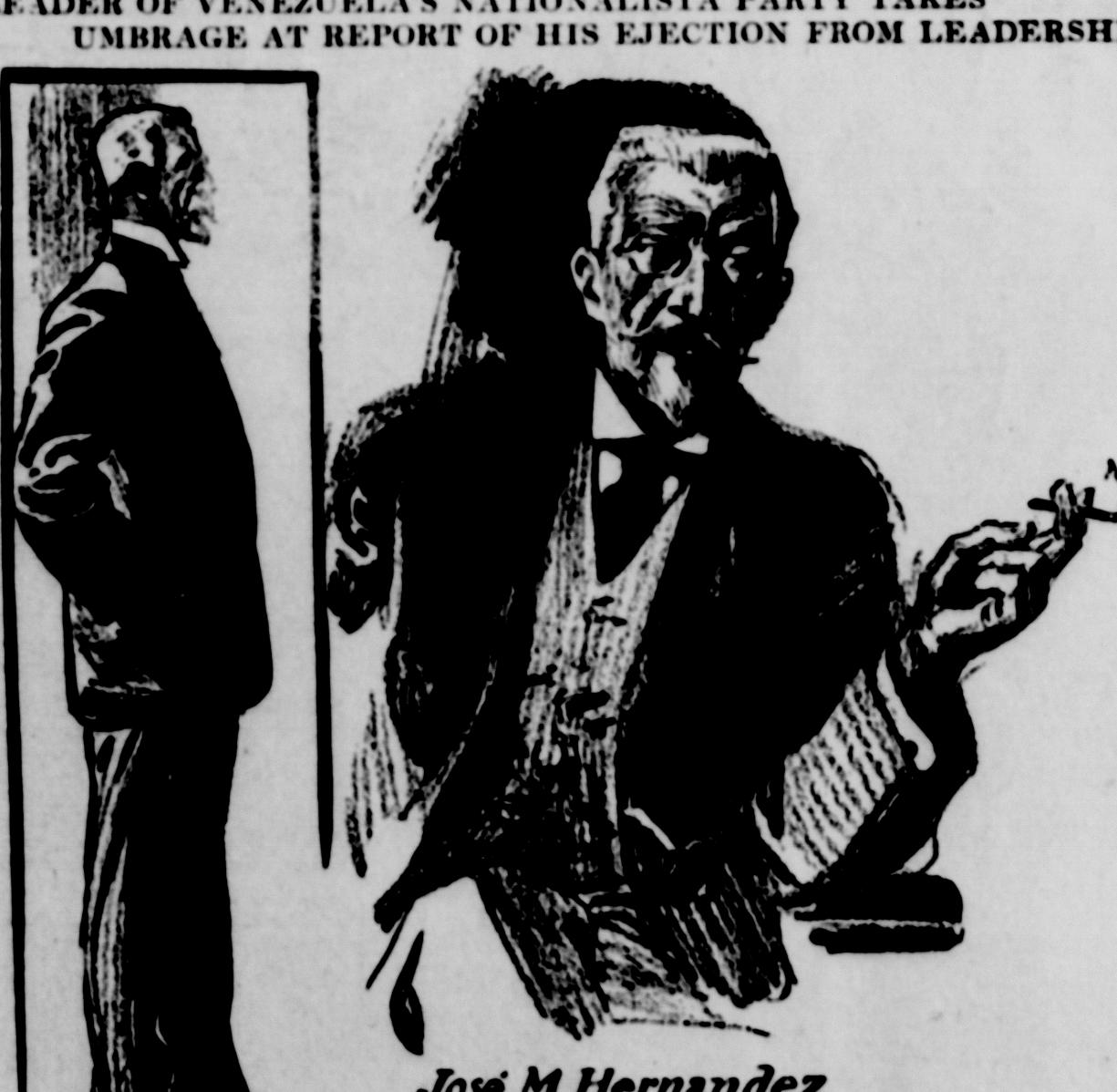
Uses Nat'l Bank Bldg. C. H. Ross, T. P. A., Houston, Texas



Through sleepers daily from New Orleans. Only line with double daily service to North Carolina.



Uses Nat'l Bank Bldg. C. H. Ross, T. P. A., Houston, Texas



Jose M. Hernandez.
"IT WAS THEN WHEN GENERAL CASTRO CALLED ME A 'SUPERIOR MAN'—EL MOCHO."

Declaring that General Rafael de Nogales-Mendes is a "pinhead," whom he refuses to dignify by answering.

General Jose Manuel Hernandez, known as "El Mocho," the accredited leader of the nationalist party of Venezuela, and candidate for President, denied with vehemence the published statement of General Nogales-Mendes that there was a revolution in the ranks of the party for the avowed purpose of politically decapitating General Hernandez on the ground that he is too old to lead his party to victory.

General Hernandez said he was willing to say that the nationalist party is prepared to assume its proper place in Venezuelan politics, now that General Castro and President Gomez are fighting their duel to the death. He declares that while General Castro and President Gomez are fighting their duel to the death, he, himself, is in no sense in sympathy with President Gomez, whose administration, he says, has been aimed principally at self-aggrandizement and therefore harmful to the Venezuelan nation.

George W. Dillahite of Terrell, Kaufman county, has been appointed quartermaster and bookkeeper at the home, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Capt. Ben McCulloch.

Austin, Aug. 21.—The hearings to state's suit against Texas railroads at Galveston on the question as to whether or not reconsigned freight offered the Texas railroads on local bills of lading to a Texas destination are, in fact, intrastate, has been gathered by Railroad Commissioner Williams and Assistant Attorney General Luther Nickels.

The railroads contend such freight comprises interstate shipments and therefore the commission has no jurisdiction and did not have authority to require the absorption of the loading charges.

The data necessary to base the

Germany Lacks War Strength.

Markets By Telegraph

Cotton.

New York, Aug. 21.—The cotton market was very active again today but more or less unsettled and after making new high ground for the movement eased off under private predictions of rain in the south before the end of the week and heavy realizing. The close was steady, net unchanged to 3 points higher.

Private cables stated that a small failure in Liverpool was without any particular influence, but that developments probably helped to unsettle the English market, which was several points lower than due at the hour of the local opening. Prices here started at a decline of 4 points on the near months, which were influenced by the cables, while later positions were 3 to 5 points higher, having been on night closing orders, the exception of which carried the general list 5 or 6 points above the closing figure of yesterday during the first few minutes. Many recent buyers appeared to be taking profits, however, and rumors that the spot basis in the western belt was slightly easier on yesterday's advance in futures, created some reactionary sentiment.

Prices quickly eased off after the call, but after showing a net loss of 6 or 7 points, firmer up again on the dry western belt for forecast and weather details showing higher temperatures in Texas, New Orleans, Memphis and Wall street houses were big buyers on this advance, which sent prices 11 to 14 points net higher, with 6 to 7 points added to those selling at 69 or 77 points above the low level of last week and within 6 points of the bid price reached since they touched 19.8¢ the low level of last April.

Realizing became increasingly active later and there were reactions of 10 to 12 points in the later months on optimistic weather view of local map readers and further reports of an easier spot basis in the south.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Aug. 21.—The cotton market at times today had a strong upward tendency, but on the whole was nervous with fluctuations both above and below the level of yesterday's close. The contending influences were the continued drought in the western belt and the profit taking of buyers of the last few days, who were satisfied with their gains and buying heavily inclined traders were disposed to put out fresh short lines. Selling was more pronounced than for several sessions past, but it was based on the technical position of the market rather than on any change in weather conditions. Bears said that the market was getting overbought. It was quite generally considered that the bulk of the short interest had been limited.

On the opening the tone was steady, prices 1 to 5 points up on the dry weather map. Cables were much lower than due, but no attention was paid to them. A small failure in the English market also failed to have an effect. After the call the market stood 5 to 7 points up, but the weather forecast predicting cloudiness for a large part of the western belt stimulated selling, and the market took rather a sharp slump, landing 8 to 9 points under yesterday's final figures.

Many sensational reports of crop deterioration in Texas and Oklahoma came in during the morning and lifted prices again, the active months going 9 points over yesterday's close. In the afternoon the market rose and fell within narrow limits. The close was steady at a net decline of 6 to 8 points. Profit taking by longs worked against the market late in the day.

FUTURES.

New York.

New York, Aug. 21.—Cotton futures closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Aug.	11.80	11.92	11.75	11.82
Sept.	11.74	11.74	11.61	11.65
Oct.	11.56	11.69	11.49	11.57
Nov.	11.48	11.56	11.45	11.50
Dec.	11.50	11.65	11.45	11.52
Jan.	11.43	11.56	11.37	11.43
Feb.	11.45	11.56	11.45	11.45
Mar.	11.52	11.65	11.47	11.52
May	11.57	11.63	11.52	11.57
July	11.59	11.63	11.52	11.57

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Aug. 21.—Cotton futures closed steady at a net decline of 6 to 8 points.

Open.

Open. High. Low. Close.
Aug. 11.90 12.00 11.90 11.92
Sept. 11.64 11.54

Oct.

Oct. 11.57 11.65 11.47 11.48
Nov. 11.62 11.56

Dec.

Dec. 11.68 11.67 11.48 11.50
Jan. 11.63 11.68 11.51 11.53

Feb.

Feb. 11.72 11.78 11.66 11.61
Mar. 11.52 11.65 11.47 11.52

May

May 11.57 11.63 11.52 11.57
July 11.59 11.52

Liverpool.

Liverpool, Aug. 21.—Futures closed firm.

August.

August 6.42%

Sept.-Oct.

Sept.-Oct. 6.55%

Oct.-Nov.

Oct.-Nov. 6.27

Nov.-Dec.

Nov.-Dec. 6.18%

Dec.-Jan.

Dec.-Jan. 6.18%

Jan.-Feb.

Jan.-Feb. 6.20%

Feb.-March

Feb.-March 6.21%

March-April

March-April 6.22%

April-May

April-May 6.23%

May-June

May-June 6.23%

June-July

June-July 6.23%

July-August

July-August 6.23%

SPOTS.

Houston.

Houston, Aug. 21.—The spot market closed steady 1-16c up. Sales, f. o. b. 2560, shipments 8092; stock 32,255. Low ordinary 7½

Ordinary

Ordinary 8%

Good ordinary

Good ordinary 11

Middling

Middling 12

Good middling

Good middling 12½

Middling fair

Middling fair 12½

Galveston.

Galveston, Aug. 21.—Spot cotton firm and unchanged.

Low ordinary

Low ordinary 7½

Good ordinary

Good ordinary 8%

Middling

Middling 11

Good middling

Good middling 12

Middling fair

Middling fair 12½

Sales

Sales 42,849; receipts 8911.

Memphis.

Memphis, Aug. 21.—Cotton spot was steady, with middling at 11½%.

New York.

New York, Aug. 21.—Cotton spot steadily middling uplands 12.25, middling gulf 12.50. Sales 200.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Aug. 21.—Spot cotton steady, 1-16c up; middling 12-16c;

Grain.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Bulls were in control of both the wheat and corn pits today until near the close, when there was a general easing. Wheat ended at a net advance of 3½, but corn was irregular, closing a half lower to 3½ higher; oats finished 3½ to 4½ lower and provisions were 7½ to 2½ higher.

Corn claimed attention today to a greater extent than wheat, when the market approached in nervous activity the recent big bull campaign. The weather map seemed to be the dominating influence, dry hot conditions prevailing in the southwest, and most of the remainder of the west. Reports of beneficial rains in parts of Illinois did not check the upward tendency of prices and December again reached 76¢. Leading longs added largely to their holdings, and the market remained firm and active for the greater part of the day. Weakness was manifest at the close on a number of profit-taking sales. Western Iowa reported corn selling there a cent higher than wheat.

Fears of frost in the Canadian northwest tonight was a prominent factor in the uplift of wheat. Strength of corn also helped the wheat bulls. The fact that the market had been slightly oversold added stimulation and shorts covered freely.

The bond market showed a reactionary tendency. Total sales, par value \$915,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

Stocks.

New York, Aug. 21.—Definite news concerning the affairs in which Wall Street is particularly interested just now was lacking today and the uncertain movements of stocks reflected this lack. One of the few factors was renewed selling here on a moderate scale for foreign account, and the manner in which the list sagged under these offerings suggested that traders saw no reason for supporting prices.

The continued uncertainty over the Mexican situation was, perhaps, the chief retarding factor, the reduction of 2¢ in steel billets attracting attention, the course of the market for billets being considered one of the best indications of prevailing conditions in the steel trade in general.

United States Steel was sold persistently and its heaviness influenced the entire list. C. and O. rose a point after the announcement of reduction in the annual rate from 5 to 4 per cent. The heavy losses which the company sustained in the spring floods explains the change which had been generally expected and fully discounted.

The bond market showed a reactionary tendency. Total sales, par value \$915,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

Livestock.

Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Aug. 21.—Receipts fell considerably Thursday, no more than 2,200 cattle and 1,000 calves arriving, and the shortening of the supply gave the market an opportunity to get a breathing spell. Beefs ranged from \$5.50 to \$6.10, steaks \$7.45 to \$7.55. Butcher cows and heifers sold steady with the Wednesday decline and bulls were easy, the former going at a range of \$4.60 to \$5.25, with the latter making \$4.00 to \$5.25. Calves fully steady and active, with vealers making \$8.25 and \$8.50 and the bulk notching \$8.00 to \$8.00.

With 300 hogs here the market was active and 5¢ to 10¢ higher. The top was \$8.90 and bulk sales ranged from \$8.50 to \$8.80.

No sheep.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 21.—Hogs—Receipts fell, higher bulk, 21¢ to 25¢ per head.

Cattle—Receipts \$5.60, including 1-10, southern; steady; stockers \$5.40 to \$5.50.

Bull—Receipts \$5.60, including 1-10, southern; steady; stockers \$5.40 to \$5.50.

Oats—Receipts \$8.25 to \$8.50, steady.

Pork—Receipts \$8.25 to \$8.50, steady.

Sheep—Receipts \$8.25 to \$8.50, steady.

Chickens—Receipts \$8.25 to \$8.50, steady.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts \$10.00, including 1-100 southern; strong.

Choice to firm steers \$8.00 to \$9.00, good to choice steers \$7.50 to \$8.50, dressed and butcher steers \$5.50 to \$6.50, stockers \$5.25 to \$6.25, Texas and Oklahoma steers \$5.25 to \$6.25, cows and heifers \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 5¢ higher; lambs \$10.00 to 10.50, steady; muttons \$8.50 to \$9.00, good heavy \$8.40 to \$8.50.

Sheep—Receipts 3,500; higher; lambs \$4.75 to \$5.00, steady; muttons \$4.00 to \$4.25, steady; lambs \$5.00 to \$5.25, steady; stockers \$2.50 to \$4.50.

Chicopee—Receipts 3,200; steady; lambs \$5.00 to \$5.25, steady; muttons \$4.00 to \$4.25, steady; lambs \$5.00 to \$5.25, steady.

Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Hogs—Receipts 17,000, including 2,000 cattle; bulk, 21¢ to 25¢.

Cattle—Receipts 6,500, including 1-10, southern; steady; stockers \$5.40 to \$5.50.

Bull—Receipts 2,000, including 1-10, southern; steady; stockers \$5.40 to \$5.50.

Oats—Receipts 3,500; higher; lambs \$10.00 to 10.50, steady; muttons \$8.50 to \$9.00, good heavy \$8.40 to \$8.50.

Sheep—Receipts 3,500; higher; lambs \$10.00 to 10.50, steady; muttons \$8.50 to \$9.00, good heavy \$8.40 to \$8.50.

Chickens—Receipts 3,500; higher; lambs \$10.00 to 10.50, steady; muttons \$8.50 to \$9.00, good heavy \$8.40 to \$8.50.

London Consols.

London, Aug. 21.—Consols for money 73-13-16, account 73-15-16; bar silver steady, 27-5-16; discount rates, short bills 3½ per cent, 3 months 3½ per cent.

Mercantile Paper.

New York, Aug. 21.—Prime mercantile paper \$6.62½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, \$4.83 to 10 for 60-day bills and \$4.50 to 50 for demand. Commercial bills \$4.82½; bar silver 5½¢, Mexican dollars 4½¢; government bonds steady, railroad bonds irregular.

Paris Rents.

REAL ESTATE For SALE RENT TRADE REAL ESTATE

For Sale—Real Estate.

THERE WAS QUITE A NUMBER OF PLEASED PURCHASERS LAST WEEK. WERE YOU AMONG THE NUMBER?

Here are a few more good values which did not appear last week:

Four-story brick on lot 50x100 feet, centrally located; price \$55,000.

Eight-room boarding house, almost new, within four blocks of the heart of the business district and the price is \$6,500. This is a first-class proposition.

Good corner on Columbus street, within four blocks of tallest buildings in the South, at a figure which is very attractive. We have the exclusive listing on this property and are prepared to show you a bargain.

A good corner lot, close in on North Fifth street, 100x155 feet, at less than \$60 per front foot.

One of the best pieces of trackage on the street, within two blocks of post office. Surrounded by the largest wholesale houses in the city for \$300 per front foot. Some one is going to pick up a bargain in this piece of property.

The cheapest piece of business property on Franklin street.

Seeing is believing, call on us, we will show you.

Two hundred and fifty feet of trackage between Mary and Franklin streets, just opposite the large lumber sheds, now being erected. Price \$80,000 per front foot.

We have one of the nicest and best located homes on Washington street. Owner is going to leave the city and is quite anxious to dispose of this place for this reason, we can make you a very interesting figure for a few days.

High terraced corner lot on North Fifteenth street, east front, on which is situated a well-planned home of eight rooms, will sell for \$16,000 cash, worth more.

One of the nicest six-room houses in Waco Vista. Price \$15,000; might be purchased for \$4,500 with a small cash payment.

Well located home just north of Twenty-second street, at a bargain for a few days; the price now is \$20,000.

Almost new and modern bungalow on Lytle avenue for \$2,500. Now you are looking for a bargain you need go no further for you have it in this place.

An excellent 5-room residence on Fort avenue; this is a good opportunity to get a valuable piece of property at the small cost of \$2,500.

One of the best bargains in close in residence property we have had the opportunity to bring in some time. A fine terraced lot, walk and curb, house of six large rooms with hall and bath. Price \$16,000.

Nice home on Gorman street, in one of the very best neighborhoods in the city. The price is \$15,000 and \$1,000 cash payment will get you a dead balance to suit purchaser.

Night near Sanger avenue, a fine east front terraced lot 100x155 feet on which is situated a nice home, the price is \$17,500.

Another bargain on Sanger avenue, south front lot 100x155 feet, almost new two-story house. This is one of the best planned homes in the city. Price \$18,000.

New five-room cottage on Sanger avenue, modern in every respect. This is priced for a quick sale, \$2,500.00; \$500.00 cash, balance to suit.

Five-room cottage lot 75x145 feet on North Fifth street, \$4,000.00. This is a bargain for some one looking for a home.

Five thousand acres of land in Leon county, between 400 and 500 acres in cultivation, most of this land is a rich loam. This land can be bought this year at \$8.00 per acre.

Two hundred acres of fine black land, all in cultivation, well improved, at \$100.00 per acre. Party who owns this property is a non-resident and is quite anxious to sell, is the reason we are able to quote this figure.

An investment in Texas property and especially property situated in the Black Belt is as safe as buying United States bonds. All this property is going to enhance in value very rapidly. We now have as fine listings as you will find anywhere for Johnson, Bosque, McLennan, Bell and Williamson counties and we count inquiries. Tell us your wants. If we haven't exactly what you are looking for, we will get it.

We can trade for you and make you money. Let us do your trading. List your property with us.

James N. Lemond, Manager.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT
NATIONAL EXCHANGE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.
Old phone 74. New 75.
Thirteenth Floor Amicable Building
ing.
Waco, Texas.

Want to Sell?—We'll find the buyer. Want to buy? We'll find the man with the thing you want. List your property with us. No matter what it is—if it's something of value, somebody wants it and our business is to find that somebody for you. You can use the article until sale is made. Ring or come to see us. Our advertising costs you nothing. Texas Trading Concern, Chalmers Bldg., new phone 1889.

CHEATHAM & MILSTEAD.

We handle an exclusive line of desirable farm and city properties, des. us.
ROMM 404, AMICABLE BLDG.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Equity in lot in Farwell Heights addition; easy payment or will trade for second hand automobile. F. O. Arnold. New phone 501; old 359.

DRYDEN-MORELEY-COOPER-
DODSON

Real Estate and Loans.
Lot 170x165 feet on Jackson st. \$2,250.
Lot 100x165 feet on Mary st. \$7,500.
Lot 150x175 feet, 22d and Ford, \$3,750.

Lot 75x165 feet, S. 5th st. with 5-room house, \$4,000.

Lot 52x165 feet, N. 4th st., 6 rooms, \$2,500.

Lot 50x165, Ethel and 23d sts., 6 rooms, \$2,700.

Lot 25x165 on 2d and Franklin, \$8,000.

DRYDEN-MORELEY-COOPER-
DODSON.

See

MCDONALD-PENLAND CO.

for bargains in farm or city properties.

614 Amicable building.

For Sale—Real Estate.

BUY an interurban tract now from \$190 per acre up, on easy terms. Call T. D. Mergler, with Peyton Randle & Co. Phones 2342.

FOR SALE, EASY TERMS—I have some nice homes for sale, and two 5-room houses in western part, one brand-new, on special terms. Owner will take small car or vacant lot on one place as payment, rest easy. E. M. Ainsworth, 414 Amicable; both phones.

DE TO THE GROWTH OF MY REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BUSINESS, I HAVE ACQUIRED ADDITIONAL OFFICE SPACE ON THE 18TH FLOOR OF THE AMICABLE BLDG., WHERE I SHALL BE GLAD TO SEE MY CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS. IT IS MY PURPOSE TO GIVE MORE ATTENTION TO FARM AND RANCH PROPOSITIONS AND MAKE TRADING BETWEEN CLIENTS ONE OF MY SPECIALTIES. REMEMBER THE NEW LOCATION: 1894 AMICABLE LIFE BUILDING, SOUTHWESTERN PHONE 488, IND. 1111. D. E. HIRSHFIELD.

WANTED—To buy 4 or 5-room house, close in, like rent, with small cash payment. If you can meet these requirements we can do business without unnecessary delay. Address Box 2, care News.

GOOD farm of 400 acres, 125 acres black land in cultivation, 260 in solid body tillable; want to exchange for property or merchandise. Box 1171.

THE experience and practice is behind the "Boss" who looks after the shoeing. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 S. 5th St. phones 671.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—I will have complete, by Monday, an east front, modern bungalow, 5 rooms, sewer, lights, gas; close to car, school and close in, only 42,250, easy terms. Ring today, new phone 92. Y. P. Garrett.

FARMS FOR SALE, 154 acres in Bell county, half mile of Temple. All in cultivation, fine smooth black land. Plenty of good water. Price \$125 per acre. Terms.

182 acres in McLennan county, near Belton. Close to good school and church; 165 acres in cultivation; three sets of improvements. Price \$100 per acre. A choice farm and worth the money.

450 acres in McLennan county near Lorena, all in cultivation, good heavy black land, a little rock. \$5500 worth of improvements. Price \$80 per acre.

257 acres in McLennan county near Belton. 175 acres in cultivation. On three public roads. Price \$80 per acre.

785 acres in McLennan county near Lorena, all in high state of cultivation. One of the finest black land farms in Central Texas. Price \$120 per acre.

300 acres in McLennan county, close to Mart; nearly all in cultivation; fine black soil. Price \$100 per acre.

These are all first class farms and worth the money. We also have large lots of farms for exchange in every part of the state. If you are in the market or if you have any good farms for sale or exchange get in touch with us. We can guarantee you quick and satisfactory results.

MARSHALL-NEBLETT & ZUZINIA, 107 S. Fifth Street, Waco, Texas.

Real Estate Wanted.

TO EXCHANGE—Anything in lands or city property. See me for quick turn. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

For Sale—Vacant Lots.

FOR SALE—Choice lot in Highland Place, directly on car line, worth \$100. If sold within the next few days, will take \$85; must raise the cash.

Address Box 287, Hubbard, Tex.

BARGAIN—One lot, near corner of 16th and Wood, for \$250, on any reasonable monthly or yearly terms, or a good discount for cash. This is a real bargain and will sell for at least \$150 profit to the buyer. Let me show you this lot at your earliest convenience. R. R. Saunders, with Peyton Randle & Co., 105 S. 5th St. Phones 2342.

IF IT'S "quality" you want, "Uncle Pat's" shop on South Eighth street is the place to get it. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St., both phones 671.

IF YOUR shoes pinch your feet you don't like to run, neither does your horse. Uncle Pat's em' up right Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St., both phones 671.

FOR SALE—Ten select located farm homes; price close. C. F. Massey, Walnut Springs, Tex.

PLANTATION For Sale; a Bargain—1324 acres in Waller county, Texas, six miles from county seat; 300 acres in cultivation, 500 acres Brazos bottom; 15 houses, 36 miles and modern farm implements; prices, with full equipment and landlord's share of the crop, if taken soon, \$5 per acre; will take \$10,000 or \$15,000 in trade in property worth the money; terms easy. Owner, R. R. Saunders, with Peyton Randle & Co., 105 S. 5th St. phones 2342.

TO EXCHANGE—Good auto for diamonds at correct value. J. P. Woody, 117 S. Fifth St.

TO EXCHANGE—Good auto for diamonds at correct value. J. P. Woody, 117 S. Fifth St.

TO EXCHANGE for small house, 40 acres of fine trees and farm land in one mile of a good town. J. B. Woody, 117 S. Fifth St.

WANTED TO TRADE 40-horsepower overland touring car in good condition for other property. J. B. Woody, 117 S. Fifth St.

TO EXCHANGE for small house, 5-room 2-story house on N. Fifth in tenement block. Easy terms on any balance. J. B. Woody, 117 S. Fifth St.

WILL trade good real estate or auto for Amicable or Southern Union stock. P. O. Box 242.

Money to Loan.

FARM and city loans promptly handled at lowest rates. Vendor's lien notes bought or extended. J. M. McLean, agent, room 201 Amicable building.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, good pool ball; or will sell single table. J. B. Woody, 117 South 5th St.

WANTED TO TRADE—\$11 acres of good land, 3 miles south of Hearns, on H. & C. R. R., for a good bunch of Jersey cows or work stock. J. B. Woody, 117 South 5th St.

WHENEVER inclined to buy, sell or exchange real estate, stocks or bonds, consult Twin Brothers Co., 1719 Clay St., Waco, Texas. Phones 534.

SODA FOUNTAIN—We have made up ready for prompt shipment 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20-foot latest iceless, pump system outfit, new and slightly used at a saving in price, on easy monthly payments. The Grossman Company, Inc., Dallas, Texas.

CITY MAPS for sale by W. H. Jones, 406 Amicable Bldg.

Educational.

ATTEND TOBY'S BUSINESS COLLEGE. NONE BETTER. OPEN ALL YEAR. ALSO TEACH BY MAIL.

FORT WORTH KINDERGARTEN TRAINING SCHOOL, of Fort Worth public schools; J. W. Cantwell, superintendent, offers the most attractive profession for young women. Accredited by the State Board of Education. Regular course of two years. Diploma is recognized as life certificate to teach. Send for catalog. Address Elizabeth Hammers, Principal, 416 West Terrell Ave., Fort Worth, Tex.

**DRYDEN-MORELEY-COOPER-
DODSON**

Real Estate and Loans.

Lot 170x165 feet on Jackson st. \$2,250.

Lot 100x165 feet on Mary st. \$7,500.

Lot 150x175 feet, 22d and Ford, \$3,750.

Lot 75x165 feet, S. 5th st. with 5-room house, \$4,000.

Lot 52x165 feet, N. 4th st., 6 rooms, \$2,500.

Lot 50x165, Ethel and 23d sts., 6 rooms, \$2,700.

Lot 25x165 on 2d and Franklin, \$8,000.

DRYDEN-MORELEY-COOPER-
DODSON.

See

CRAVEN REALTY CO.

704 AMICABLE BLDG.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—We'll find the buyer. Want to buy? We'll find the man with the thing you want. List your property with us. No matter what it is—if it's something of value, somebody wants it and our business is to find that somebody for you. You can use the article until sale is made. Ring or come to see us. Our advertising costs you nothing. Texas Trading Concern, Chalmers Bldg., new phone 1889.

CHEATHAM & MILSTEAD.

We handle an exclusive line of desirable farm and city properties, des. us.

ROMM 404, AMICABLE BLDG.

SALE RENT TRADE

WE BUY

FOR SALE

FOR RENT

FOR TRADE

FOR SALE

FOR RENT

FOR TRADE

FOR SALE

FOR

AD CLUB HEARS TWO GOOD PAPERS

CARLOCK TELLS HOW TO PRESENT DEPARTMENT STORE FEATURES TO THE PUBLIC.

KUYKENDALL TALKS ELECTRICITY

How It Can Be Used to Advantage. New Members Voted In—Question Box Is Opened.

"Department Store Advertising" and "Advertising with Electricity" were the subjects of two highly interesting and instructive papers read before the Waco Ad club at its regular semi-monthly meeting last evening. The first paper was read by M. Pomery Carlock, a prominent department store advertising manager, while J. E. Kuykendall, electric supply advertiser, read the second paper. Both were interesting in that they dealt with the latest uses and methods of publicity.

The meeting was called to order promptly at 6:30 in the rooms of the Young Men's Business League by Vice President J. B. Harman, who presided in the absence of W. J. Mitchell. A prepared plate lunch was served immediately. The meeting was opened to other, which served to get the members in the most pleasant state of mind. This was supplemented with a generous supply of soft drinks, and for about thirty minutes the room was a scene of feasting.

The business of the meeting was then called for by the president, and following the regular routine the applications for membership of ten local business men were received and favorably passed by the members. An expression of appreciation was then voted for the soft drinks served with the lunch.

Following the regular business of the meeting M. P. Carlock, advertising manager for the Goldstein-Miguel company, was called upon to read a paper which he had been requested to prepare. Mr. Carlock received rapt attention while he discussed the various successful methods of advertising for department stores, which subject he had well in hand. Following is a copy of the paper:

Mr. President and Gentlemen:

Department store advertising is a very broad subject and should be divided into separate parts. We have so many lines requiring different methods that it will be impossible to take up only the general rules and basic principles in this paper.

Such subjects as special sales and mail order advertising in addition to specific rules to be used in advertising the various lines must necessarily be taken up at some future time.

While I will endeavor to take up my subject in a general way I ask the forbearance of other competent ad-writers present.

The word "advertising" comes from an old Greek term which means "to call attention to." So everything which calls attention to the department store lines may properly be classed as advertising.

Advertising is one of the most powerful words in the modern business vocabulary. It is to a store like steam to an engine—the power to make things go. Ideas are the foundations of ad building and the stronger the ideas the better the advertising. Words are but the vehicles of ideas and likewise type the vehicles of words.

So make your words short, plain and simple. The briefest sentence is always the most forceful. As type is the vehicle of words it should be distinctive, clear and striking. Headlines and sub-heads should be bold enough to catch the eye easily and hold it. Department store advertising introductions are generally set in 12 to 14 point type while the body matter or solid matter is usually set in 10 point. Prices should always be large enough to stand out bold against the solid matter. Most progressive department stores in America own their display type, which makes their ads distinctive and easy to recognize. Borders are considered by most ad writers as a finishing touch in somewhat the relation of a frame to a picture.

Illustrations Give Life.

Illustrations will give your ads life and make them more attractive, and especially are they beneficial when they honestly picture the merchandise advertised. The best advertising mediums for most retail lines are newspapers, circulars, catalogues, multi-graph letters and show windows. Ad-writers generally consider the newspapers by far the best and most economical medium for results.

Now we come to the merchandise and the advertising. After becoming familiar with the class of merchandise a store handles the ad-writer must study his readers. He must know the number, quality and kind of circulation every newspaper has to offer. Unless he knows these facts he cannot do his work scientifically and with best results.

I firmly believe that one-half the failures of advertising "copy" to get proper results could be traced to the fact that the ad-writer failed to study his audience. You would not advertise furs in the tropics. Neither would you try to sell fans in the Arctic Circle.

It pays to study your readers. If they live in the rural districts, advertise goods and prices that will appeal to them. If your readers belong to the upper strata of the city, then you will have to relate with the facts. I emphasize that if you want results you must hit the mark. Now I hold that a good department store ad or any other for that matter must do at least three things if it is to be successful.

First—it must attract the attention of the reader.

Second—it must be constructed and worded to cause the reader to read

what you have to say and create a desire for the goods advertised.

Third—it must open the purse.

Must Open the Purse.

And gentlemen the last is the most important point of all. Unless you can open the purse your ad is a failure.

When you write your ads keep these points in mind. Put yourself in your readers' place—tell them the things you would want to know in clear, brief terms. And now comes the champion purse-opener of the world—the price. Price governs business everywhere. The cry all over the land is "How much?" When you go to buy something it is your first question. When someone tries to tell you something, the first question is "How much?" So don't forget the price. It is the magic word in retail advertising.

But price is not everything. It must be backed up by quality, service and truth. Truth is undoubtedly revolutionizing advertising methods.

Must Not Exaggerate.

The time of exaggeration and misrepresentation is past, thanks to the progressive advertising man of America. Formerly retail stores would exaggerate without one point of reason for it except to "bunco" the people. For instance, only a few years ago a merchant would buy ten dozen towels made to retail at 25 cents each from an American mill. He would advertise these towels as 100 dozen imported towels as exceptional 50 cent values at a special figure to help him out. His customers at 25 cents each, a figure 4 cents higher than they were made to sell for.

Today any modern store would take the same shipment of towels and advertise them as ten dozen towels in regular 25 cent value as a special inducement at each 10 cents, 15 cents or 19 cents, according to the ideas of the department manager and how hard he was pulling for business.

There would be no exaggeration and the department would stand an actual money loss on the towels in order to increase the total business of his department and the business in other parts of the store.

And in summing up the total sales of the day the small loss on towels would be forgotten. The modern merchant takes a loss gracefully on items for special sale or clearance in order to fill his store with eager shoppers and make a total greater profit. Many good advertisers and merchants would not dream of those methods of handling "loss leaders" which the writer has misrepresented when the writer has misrepresented when he features some unusual price reduction but this is far from the facts.

Here in Waco as in other cities of the country wearing apparel and other lines are advertised at half price and even less which seems unbelievable to one not acquainted with modern retail advertising methods, but in many cases these goods are sold at an actual loss and are truthfully described and the values honestly stated. The loss in dollars and cents is a small item when I tell you that the sales in a large store are very often doubled when such leaders are on sale.

Eliminate Superlative.

The public is getting tired of superlatives and progressive ad-writers are trying other words such words as "best," "finest," "greatest" and other questionable words and get down to the plain simple language having the ring of truth. I will read you as an illustration the introduction of an ad of the Parquet Department Store, Quebec, Canada. This introduction to a big clearance sale ad is my idea of honest advertising and the results were remarkable. I am told that the sale was the most successful in the history of the store. Note closely how this reads:

We Do Not Recommend These Goods; If We Could They Would Not Be Here Now.

"Everything is described below in stock for more than one year, with the exception of a few lines of staples. We do not pretend that they are the latest and most fashionable goods that money can buy. Some of the lines which are subject to the whims of fashion are decidedly out of style. The only reason they are here now is because no one wanted them. In some cases the materials are off color and the patterns bad. They occupy valuable space which is needed at once for the display of new goods. They may not appeal to you—on the other hand, the prices are low enough to make every item on this page a "bargain" as the word is generally understood."

This was a remarkably truthful statement and delivered the goods. Ten years ago the writer would have lost his position for such work. Today he is simply considered progressive.

In making up large department stores the writer must remember that the prime object is to sell goods and gain prestige and the first great point in making up an ad is to see that the principal departments and items are properly displayed to advantage. Make your ads striking as well as pleasing. Art should be sacrificed to business and vice versa when necessary to sell goods.

Adwriter Like an Editor.

A department store ad-writer is like an editor of a large newspaper with the numerous buyers and department managers corresponding to reporters continually bringing fresh stories news to be whipped into shape for publication. It takes diplomacy, tact and patience to work with all these heads and keep the wheels of business running smoothly.

So make your words short, plain and simple. The briefest sentence is always the most forceful. As type is the vehicle of words it should be distinctive, clear and striking. Headlines and sub-heads should be bold enough to catch the eye easily and hold it. Department store advertising introductions are generally set in 12 to 14 point type while the body matter or solid matter is usually set in 10 point.

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Program Is Made for Field Day

NAVIGATORS WILL CONTEST IN NUMEROUS EVENTS SEPTEMBER 8.

RUNNING, HITTING, THROWING

Committee Met Yesterday Afternoon and Prepared Tentative List of Events for Benefit.

Head Lines Are Bids.

Now back to the basic principles of department advertising. Head lines are the first bids for business. Put your best efforts into them. If the head line is read your ad will be read in most cases and results are certain. After your head line has caught the eye then comes the next business clincher, "quality." No word in the vocabulary of business is more pregnant with significance than the word quality. You may apply it to goods, to service, or to ability, but this fact is universally the same—no extravagant assertion of present advantage, no use logic of economy of price can long make headway against downright merit in merchandise or men.

Next comes price. When you have attracted the attention of the reader and described your goods honestly state the price and sign your name. You can do no more. Price is the one word that gets results.

Few department store ads secure proper results without prices.

Service is the modern key to greater business. The large stores of America give special attention to it as a factor in business as never before. Poor service or an atmosphere of distrust will defeat any advertising and most offers of quality. You must do your work a little better than your competitor. A business radiates personality the same as an individual. It sizes you as you enter the door, this indescribable something which grips customer and causes him to decide within himself and say "I want to buy here."

In closing I would say from ten years department store advertising experience that price, quality, truth and service are the four great essentials to successful retail advertising. I thank you.

Following the reading of the above paper I E. Kuykendall was called to the floor by the chairman and requested to read a paper on "Advertising with Electricity." Having made a study of the various commercial uses of electricity for several years, and at present being advertising manager of the Waco Electric Supply company, Mr. Kuykendall responded ably, and read an instructive paper on modern advertising, of which the following is a copy:

The clemency of probation was exercised yesterday in the case of Robert Johnson of Mart, who was tried before Probate Judge Denton on a charge of burglary. The accused is a youth under the age of 17, the maximum probation age, and was arrested for a burglary committed at Mart. The case was transferred here to the jurisdiction of the local probate judge, and the lad given trial yesterday afternoon.

His father appeared in court and promised to guarantee the future good behavior of the boy, and made an appeal for clemency for his son. After due consideration Judge Denton decided to release the boy, holding the father responsible for the appearance of the son any time it was demanded by the court.

JUSTICE COURT.

Harvey M. Richey, Judge.
Ola Brown, charged with disturbing the peace, fine and costs, \$1.50.

SUITS FILED.

County Court.

Eldred M. Milander vs. C. H. Cox & Co., suit for a debt.

Justice Richey's Court.

R. H. Owens vs. E. C. Dury, suit on note.

Harry Sacks vs. W. E. Hodges, suit on account.

Justice Padgett's Court.

W. H. Horn vs. D. A. Walker, suit on note.

J. A. Freeman vs. M. W. Mistrot, suit on note.

Marriage Licenses.

Frank Jenkins and Miss Edna Rauls, A. F. Williams and Mrs. Alice Bushell, P. A. Russell and Viola Whiteside.

The famous "Quo Vadis" at Rex Theatre, Friday and Saturday.

EQUALIZATION IS DELAYED

Adoption of a New System Retards the Progress of the Board.

Because of the introduction of the Somers system of property valuation and the additional burden of work that has fallen on the city tax collector and assessor's office, the board of equalization will not meet until September 3. Last year the board met for the last meeting to hear protests on September 3 to 7, but owing to the initial delay this year it will be the latter part of next month before the board will be able to meet near all the citizens who wish to give reasons why their property valuations should be changed.

The opinion expressed by the tax officials is that the board will receive decidedly fewer complaints under the new system. While its introduction has in general raised the former assessment values, it seems to give far more satisfaction to the average taxpayer because of its equality. Heretofore for the board considered each case separately where there was dissatisfaction, but under the new system if the board is convinced that one citizen's assessment is too much it will necessitate a change in the unit value and this affects the entire scale of assessable values.

Tax Assessor and Collector R. L. Stripling said yesterday that much more property had been rendered voluntary since the introduction of the Somers system than had ever been under the previous system. This is taken as an indication that the new system is giving satisfaction.

Collection of taxes is supposed to begin by October 1, but because the city cannot be made up until the second passing of the board of equalization the tax office will be hard-pressed to get the roll ready for the collection. The office is at present rushing the tabulation of the Somers results and balancing the abstracts preparatory to the meeting of the board. The board of equalization is composed of C. M. Hubby, S. H. Clayton and E. W. Mar-

shall.

City Building Permits.

The following building permit was issued by the city yesterday:

S. W. Ellis, South Ninth, between James and Bagby streets, seven-room dwelling; estimated cost \$2,000.

People are like bugs—bright light will attract them.

The program for Mr. Kuykendall ended the special features of the program, and the question box was then opened. Some of the questions submitted provoked much argument and the expression of varying opinions. Nearly all the members in attendance, about fifty, took part in the discussions of the queries submitted.

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